The Study of Relationship between Profitability Ratio and Critical Success Factors in Active Companies in FMCG Industry of Tehran Stock Exchange

Original Research, C11

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ABSTRACT: The aim of the present study is determining the relationship between profitabiliy ratio and critical success factors in active companies in FMCG Industry of Tehran Stock Exchange.

Keywords: Critical Success Factors, Profitability Ratio, FMCG Industry
A study on the role of Teaching Persian Conversation Program (TPCP) on the educational success of non-Persian adult learners showed that problems exist in the choice of words, sentences, methods of teaching contents, and non-colorful pictures in tablets.

This study is intended to examine the impact of pre-competition anger on self-confidence and success of volleyball players. The Pearson correlation coefficient was used. The results were indicative of positive and significant relation between historical and future risk of those companies active in Tehran Stock Exchange, during different time scales (excluding time periods 2-4).

Present research aims at investigating the relation between risk and stock return through evaluation of downside capital asset pricing model (DCAPM) in different time series. The method used was Linear Regression Model.

One of the most important goals in any organization is increasing workforce productivity. Information systems, systems integration, and computer networks are essential tools for improving productivity. The benefits of using on-the-job trainings, management support of IMS, distribution of information through networking, and system integration are highly recognized.

The purpose of the current research is to study the relation of risks and yields of shares in Tehran Stock market on the one hand, and the companies in Tehran stock on the other hand. The companies should not be of investing holding and intermediary type. The date used was March 3, 2013.

The present research was conducted to determine the relationship between emotional intelligence and personality features with job satisfaction status of male junior high school teachers in Islamshahr City. The results showed that some components of emotional intelligence and personality features can predict job satisfaction and its components.

The present study is aimed at reviewing the existing skills within high school principals from Boostan and Golestan towns in Iran. The results from ANOVA and Pearson correlation coefficient were used to review the high school principals’ skills from Boostan and Golestan towns in Iran.

The relationship between emotional intelligence and personality features with job satisfaction status of male junior high school teachers in Islamshahr City was investigated. The results showed that some components of emotional intelligence and personality features can predict job satisfaction and its components.

Entrepreneurship, Energy Leadership, Persistence and Perseverance

Given intense fluctuations of Iran currency value (Rial) in recent years, we decided to study the effect of exchange rate fluctuations (USD) on stock returns of the manufacturing companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange. The results showed that 12 weeks interval had 27% changes in stock price returns, and 24 weeks interval had 29% of changes in stock price returns.

The purpose of this research is to study the relationship between risk and return on equities in Tehran stock exchange through evaluation of downside capital asset pricing model (DCAPM) in different time series. The method used was Linear Regression Model.

The role of management information systems (MIS) to increase workforce productivity in the workplace is highlighted. The benefits of using on-the-job trainings, management support of IMS, distribution of information through networking, and system integration are highly recognized.

The relationship between emotional intelligence and personality features with job satisfaction status of male junior high school teachers in Islamshahr City was investigated. The results showed that some components of emotional intelligence and personality features can predict job satisfaction and its components.

The present study is aimed at reviewing the existing skills within high school principals from Boostan and Golestan towns in Iran. The results from ANOVA and Pearson correlation coefficient were used to review the high school principals’ skills from Boostan and Golestan towns in Iran.

The relationship between emotional intelligence and personality features with job satisfaction status of male junior high school teachers in Islamshahr City was investigated. The results showed that some components of emotional intelligence and personality features can predict job satisfaction and its components.

Studying the relationship between risk and return on equities in Tehran stock exchange through evaluation of downside capital asset pricing model (DCAPM) in different time series was investigated. The method used was Linear Regression Model.
An Investigation into the Adjusted Dynamic Capital Asset Pricing Model (D-CAPM) in Different Time Series Using Wavelet; a Case Study: TSE

Boromand E. Vakilifard H. and Talebnia GH.


Abstract:
This study aimed to access the Downside Capital Asset Pricing Model at different time scales with use of wavelet analysis. The result showed most anticipated Downside Capital Asset Pricing Model (DCAPM) at 16-32 day intervals.

Keywords:
Downside Capital Asset Pricing Model (DCAPM), Time Scales, Wavelet Analysis, Systematic Risk

Examination of the Relationship between Transformational Leadership Style and Organizational Justice in Elementary School Principals in Bandar Abbas

Azarsetan F., Shaikhi Fini A.A. and Zainalipour H.


Abstract:
This study examined the relationship between transformational leadership style and organizational justice in elementary school principals. The result showed that the relationship between leadership style and organizational justice was significant at different time scales. Also, the result showed that training management may improve the relationship between leadership and organizational justice.

Keywords:
Organizational Justice, Transformational Leadership Style, Elementary School Principals

Anticipating Quality of Life of Working Women and Housewives Based on Power Structure, Collaboration and Family Functions

Sadeghifard, M. Zarei E. and Rafiee, N.


Abstract:
The purpose of this research is anticipating quality of life regarding power, family collaboration and family functions. The result showed that family functions, collaboration and power structure may significantly help anticipating quality of life ($R^2 = 0.32$). Also, there is a significant difference between mentioned factors in working women and housewives ($p = 0.017, t = 3.245$). The result showed that family functions are effective variables on life styles and women’s job highly contributes on psychological state of families.

Keywords:
Quality of Life, Power Structure, Family Functions, Collaboration, Working Women and Housewives

The Role of Religion in Dominance of Iranian Culture and Customs in Arabic and Islamic Culture at the First Two Centuries of Hejira

Dorri, N.


Abstract:
One part of every nation’s culture, mores and manners derives from its beliefs and thoughts. The culture of different nations is a collection of beliefs, ideas, and moral values which are the result of their beliefs. The study showed that the Iran Holy men were interested in saints of Shia because it had a close relation with their historical thoughts and principle beliefs.

Keywords:
Religion, Earliest phase of Islam, Iran, Arabs, Islamic science