The Study of Relationship between Profitability Ratio and Critical Success Factors in Active Companies in FMCG Industry of Tehran Stock Exchange

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ABSTRACT: The aim of the present study is determining the relationship between profitability ratio and critical success factors in active companies in FMCG industry of Tehran stock exchange.

Keywords: Critical Success Factors, Profitability Ratio, FMCG Industry
The role of Teaching Persian Conversation Program (TPCP) on the educational success of Non-Persian adult learners in Iran.

The purpose of this study is to evaluate the relationship between the corporate governance and the accounting conservatism.

The present study is aimed at reviewing the existing skills within high school principals from Boostan and Golestan towns in the fields of educational supervision and guidance.

The main objective of this study was to determine the prevalence of bullying/victimization and gender differences in a sample of Iranian middle school students.

The purpose of this research is to study the relationship between risk and return on equities in Tehran stock exchange using the volatility model.

This study is intended to examine the impact of pre-competition anger on self-confidence and success of volleyball players in the Premier League and its relation with athletes' experience.

Evaluation of entrepreneurship among PNU academic managers in Tehran Province.

The study of the relationship between the corporate governance and conservatism in financial reporting in cement companies in Tehran stock exchange.

A study on the choice of words, sentences, methods of teaching contents, and non-colorful pictures in tablets.

The Review of the relationship between historical and future risk of returns of the companies active in Tehran stock exchange, during different time scales (excluding time periods 2-4).

The impact of pre-competition anger on self-confidence and success of volleyball players in the Premier League and its relation with athletes' experience.

The current study is intended to enhance entrepreneurship among the academic directors of Payam-E-Noor University (PNU) in Tehran province.

An analysis of the relationship between emotional intelligence and personality features and job satisfaction.

This study is intended to examine the effect of exchange rate fluctuations (USD) on stock returns of the manufacturing companies listed in Tehran stock exchange.

The purpose of this research is to study the relationship between risk and return on equities in Tehran stock exchange using the volatility model.
ABSTRACT: This study aimed to access the Downside Capital Asset Pricing Model at different time scales with use of wavelet. The result showed most anticipated Downside Capital Asset Pricing Model (DCAPM) at 16-32 day intervals.

Keywords: Downside Capital Asset Pricing Model (DCAPM), Time Scales, Wavelet Analysis, Systematic Risk

ABSTRACT: This study examined the relationship between transformational leadership style and organizational justice in elementary school principals in Bandar Abbas. The result indicated that transformational leadership and organizational justice as efficient components can contribute to training management.

Keywords: Organizational Justice, Transformational Leadership Style, Elementary School Principals

ABSTRACT: The purpose of this research is anticipating quality of life regarding power, family collaboration, and family functions. The result shows that family functions, collaboration, and power structure may significantly help in anticipating quality of life ($R^2 = 0.32$). Also, there is a significant difference between mentioned factors in working women and housewives ($p = 0.017, t = 2.01$). The findings indicate that family functions are effective variables on life styles and women's job highly contributes on psychological state of families.

Keywords: Quality of Life, Power Structure, Family Functions, Collaboration, Working Women and Housewives

ABSTRACT: One part of every nation's culture, mores and manners derives from its beliefs and thoughts. The culture of different nations is different because of their religious beliefs. In the early phase of Islam, the culture and customs in Iran were very close to the culture of Arabia and other Islamic countries. Muslims in Iran were interested in saints of Shia because it had a close relation with their historical thoughts and principle beliefs.

Keywords: Religion, Earliest phase of Islam, Iran, Arabs, Islamic science