ABSTRACT:
Anger is a sign that evokes aggressive behavior.

Keywords:
Aggression, Mental Health, Anger Management
Today, the role of assessment and monitoring systems is completely known in improvement and progress of organizations so that it is expected that the success of educational projects will improve in this area. At the end of the study also offers the Ilam Agricultural Jihad Organization, is presented in order to research subject.

The present study is intended to examine the impact of preschool training and education on educational achievement and comprehension and achievement in literacy and thus the highly impact of preschool course on language learning skills.

Increase the level of trust in organizations, increase jobs and improve staff shall comfort. The distrust, suspicion of behavior of employees, among other factors, can be alleviated by improving social conditions of employees. Also, more than half of the respondents were high and very high levels, religion and social ethics as a solution.

The main purpose in this research is investigating the relationship between return, risk and stock trading volume. The results show that between two variables return and risk is unidirectional relationship and between trading volume (trading turnover) and return is reciprocal relationship.

This study examined the relationship between adult attachment style and marital satisfaction in a convenience sample of 200 married individuals. Overall results suggest attachment avoidance as the strongest predictor of marital satisfaction.

In conclusion, the findings of this research can be used as a basis for recommending some strategies for improving the quality of human life. Marital satisfaction is most affected by attitudes and behaviors of married people, and therefore by reducing marital dissatisfaction, the quality of human life can be increased. Understanding and applying the importance of marital satisfaction and factor affecting marital satisfaction can help in resolving marital problems and improving marital satisfaction.

The role of assessment and monitoring systems in the improvement of organizations has been acknowledged in many studies. However, in the present study, the emphasis is on the impact of preschool training and education on educational achievement and comprehension in literacy. In this regard, the study aims to examine the relationship between preschool training and educational achievement and comprehension in literacy.

The results indicate that the preschool course has a significant impact on children's learning skills. The findings suggest that preschool training can improve children's learning and comprehension skills. This finding is consistent with previous research in the field of early childhood education.

The study also indicates that preschool training can have a positive impact on children's social compatibility and academic achievement. The results suggest that preschool training can improve children's social skills and academic performance. This finding is consistent with previous research in the field of early childhood education.

In conclusion, the findings of this study suggest that preschool training can improve children's learning and comprehension skills, as well as their social compatibility and academic achievement. The results also indicate that the preschool course has a significant impact on children's learning skills and that preschool training can be an effective method for improving children's learning and comprehension skills.
The purpose of this research is to study the relation of the effective factors on decreasing tax assertiveness and tax diagnostic difference in the companies. Forecasted earnings provide significant information for investment and other financial statements users. In recent years, earnings forecast accuracy, while financial crisis and auditor’s opinion variables were not affective on earning forecast accuracy.

The present study has been carried out by aiming at a comparison between capabilities of female and male principals in variables of three-fold administrative skills including general, maturity and leadership skills. Cultural Factors, Social Factors, Polygamy

This study aims to investigate the effect of cooperative learning on the confidence. This Study was a quasi-experimental research design. A total of 1084 students (501 females and 583 males) from 9th grade in Isfahan province were selected in this regard. The test group included 6 classes and the control group also included 6 classes. The results showed that there is a significant relation between cooperative learning and confidence in girls more than boys.

The current study is aimed to identify and examine the factors limiting development of virtual courses in Hormozgan University. Educational factors and human factors are over-effective in the establishing of virtual courses respectively.

This study was performed to determine social-cultural polygamy-related factors. This is a descriptive-correlational research and the statistical population is all polygamy people in Bastak city. The results showed that social factors are effective as subjective factors.