Earnings Manipulation and Prior Period Adjustment on Tax Aggressiveness

Original Research, D1

Abdoli M., Abolghasemi M. and Panahi H.
ABSTRACT: The purpose of this research is to study the relationship between the prior year's adjustments and tax aggressiveness and tax diagnostic dereference in the companies.

Keywords: Earnings Manipulation, Prior Period Adjustments

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Presentation of a Model for Evaluation of Effective Factors on Developing of the Perceived Excellent Educational Ethics

Original Research, D2

Amini M., Shafipour Motlaq F. and Rahmani J.

ABSTRACT: The present study was intended to identify the
Keywords: Students Supervision, Critique of Students, Equitable Treatment, Developing the Perceived Excellent Educational Ethics.

The Investigation of the Structural Relationship between Perception of Class and Psychological Basic Needs of University Students and their Academic Engagement

Original Research, D3

Asadian MH., Kavosian J., Bagi A., Hashami K., Arabzadeh M. and Hoseinpour M.

ABSTRACT: The study presents a model to describe structural relations between three groups of variables based on theories. The model between psychological basic needs and academic performance was significant (but low) and between psychological basic needs and academic performance was significant considerably.

Keywords: Psychology, Cognitive, Affective and Behavioral

The Comparison of Two Methods of Maximum Likelihood (ML) and Diagonally Weighted Least Squares (DWLS) in Testing Construct Validity of Achievement Goals

Original Research, D4

Baghdarnia M., Firozy Soreh R. and Gorji R.

ABSTRACT: The present essay was intended to compare between two methods of estimation, namely, Maximum Likelihood (ML) and Diagonally Weighted Least Square (DWLS). It was observed that DWLS adapts default estimation method (ML) so the results may be biased and this may lead to making the erroneous decisions.

Keywords: Estimation Methods, Maximum Likelihood, Diagonally Weighted Least Square.

Identifying Intelligence Effective Factors in Gifted Education Students in Tehran

Original Research, D5

Bahmannia H., Khosravi A. and Khorshidi A.


ABSTRACT: This study aimed to identify intelligence effective factors in gifted students in Tehran. To perform this study, it was employed a survey method and a questionnaire was used. The results showed that intelligence effective factors in gifted students in Tehran are cognitive intelligence, interpersonal intelligence, and nature oriented, spiritual, moral and emotional.

Keywords: Intelligence, Multiple Intelligences, Giftedness.
The Relationship of Spiritual Intelligence with Mental Health and Organizational Commitment among Nurses in Mashhad Hospitals

Original Research, D6

Entesar Foumany GH. and Danshdost M.


ABSTRACT: With regard to the importance of the relationship between organizational commitment with spiritual intelligence and organizational commitment with mental health.

Keywords: Organizational Commitment, Spiritual Intelligence
Reliability and Validity of the Balanced Scorecard in Iranian Organizations

Original Research, D7

Hashemian F., Abbaspour A., Piri Zamaneh M. and Taheri B.


ABSTRACT: In this study using the Balanced Score card in...factor structure is another evidence for the construct validity (evaluation function) that is designed to measure.

Keywords: Balanced Scorecard, Reliability, Validity

A strategic Review the Impact of Intellectual Capital Components on Organizational Performance

Original Research, D8

Hashemnia SH., Naseri S. and Tabatabaei Mozdabadi SM.
The present study searches for determination of the relationship between Intellectual Capital (and its components) with Organizational Performance of Sepah Bank branches throughout Tehran Province. The result shows that Human Capital (β=0.452, P<0.01) has the highest impact on Organizational Performance of Sepah Bank branches throughout Tehran Province.

Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Human Capital, Relational (Customer) Capital, Structural Capital, Performance, Sepah Bank.

The Relationship among Educational Creativity and Educational Self-Actualization in Students

Original Research, D9

Naghsh s., Foroughi Abani A. and ShafeiPour Motlaq F.

The present essay has studied on the relationship among students' educational creativity and their educational self-actualization. The result shows that educational self-actualization is interpreted by variables of fluidity, elaboration, originality, and flexibility.

Keywords: Educational Creativity, Fluidity, Elaboration, Originality, Flexibility, Educational Self-actualization.
Analysis of the Mediating Effect of Academic Buoyancy on the Relationship between Family Communication Pattern and Academic Buoyancy

Original Research, D10

Reisy J., Dehghani M., Javanmard A., Shojaei M and Monfared Naeimian P.


ABSTRACT: The objective of this study was to analyze the mediating effect of self-efficacy on the relationship between family communication pattern and academic buoyancy. The reasons for the implications are presented in this study.

Keywords: Aspects of Family Communication Pattern, Academic Buoyancy, General Self-Efficacy
Composing in Persian as a Second Language and English as a Foreign Language: A Study of Narrative Writing

Savaed SY.


ABSTRACT: Although numerous studies have been conducted to investigate second language composing processes; little research has ... English, whereas some of the students below the level had considerably more problems in composing in English and Persian.

Keywords: Second Language, Narrative Writing, Linguistics

The Review on the Relationship among Social Capital and Performance of Staff Employees

Original Research, D12
Shariatmadari M., RashidMohammadZadeh P. and Safaei T.


ABSTRACT: The current research is purposed to examining the relationship among social capital and performance of staff employees of Islamic Azad University (CTB). While structural dimension had no significant impact on performance of staff employees, relational dimension was found to be a significant predictor of performance.

Keywords: Social Capital, Performance, Personnel, University

Sharifi SH., Namaghi M. and Masroor GH.


ABSTRACT: Aim of this research was study the effect of employees' perceptions of organizational context on their attitudes toward job. The model of study was a path model. The path coefficient analysis was used to test model's fit. The results implied that the attitude toward job of the employees was in the acceptable range, it is accepted due to the significant reduction. Thus, the final model has been fitted properly.

Keywords: Employee Perceptions of Organizational Context, Job Attitudes, Organizational Identity
One of the fundamental concepts of philosophy is the concept of possibility. This concept is important in Islamic and Western life. The concept of originality of existence is based on the theory of possibility. Poverty need criterion to cause is the concept of possibility. In this paper, in order to illustrate the comparison between Iran-Islamic and Western lifestyles, viewpoints of Islam and the West about the same principles dominants a Western lifestyle. The purpose of this study is to compare dimensions of emotional security among adolescents, considering various types of security and insecurity feeling among adolescents and also gender plays an important role in this regard. The present study was aimed at comparing the rate of social skills and educational achievement in grade-skipping students and their ordinary classmates. The sport tourism is the most important and most developed sector of tourism industry. The first step for development of sport tourism in Hormozgan Province is developing sport attractions. The purpose of this research is to investigate the relationship between audit fees, auditor independence and audit quality in the listed companies. Different antecedents have been identified for organizational citizenship behavior in the literature including job characteristics, organizational culture and workplace spirituality. The aim of this study was to determine the causal model of personality traits, motivational beliefs and self-regulated learning strategies in general. There was a causal model for intrinsic goal orientation, self-efficacy and task value. The present study investigates the effectiveness of emotionally-focused couple therapy in resolution of marital conflicts between the couples visiting consultation centers in the city of Bandar Abbas.
ABSTRACT: Loan, as a part of economic system with social results, is emphasized in Quran and narratives. Verses of Quran about loan are discussed in this paper. The aim of the paper is to compare the Shaykh and Sunni Commentators perspectives on the idea of the rate of loan. It is a comparative study of the Shia and Sunni Commentators citing verses of Loan Rules in Quran and Sunnah. The main goal is to consider verses, which are about loan in Quran and Sunnah, and to discuss their explanations in Quran and Sunnah. The idea of the Three Compensations is a new concept which can be seen in the way that all three branches of the Sunni schools of thought interpret the rate of loan. It is new to concentrate on different branches of the Sunni schools, especially on the idea of the dynamic of the rate of loan. The reason is that it can be seen in the way that all three branches of the Sunni schools of thought interpret the rate of loan.