Comparative analysis on Cyber-Crimes

Review Article, C50

Najafi Y., Inanloo A. Radmehr S, and Jahani Z.

ABSTRACT: So far legislators from several countries have purposed many definitions for cyber-crime but they have not yet achieved consensus. This study aims to provide an overview of legislators’ views and imply briefly about types of cyber-crimes and classification of the content-related crimes in cyberspace.

Key words: Computer-related Crimes, Criminalization, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Criminal Content, Cyber Crimes, Cyberspace, Content-related Crime

Study of Rumination and Locus of Control Roles in Depression of Female Employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran

Original Research, C51

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ABSTRACT: Depression is a phenomenon that is considered to be one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today’s world. Studies have shown that rumination and external locus of control play a significant role in depression. The present study was therefore conducted in order to determine the role of rumination and locus of control in depression of female employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran.

Key words: Rumination, Locus of control, Depression, Female employees.
The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the factor structure and validity of an Iranian translation of the Future Orientation Questionnaire. The Iranian version of the Future Orientation Questionnaire is a useful tool for assessing adolescents' future orientation.

The purpose of this study was to examine relationships between married adults' attachment styles and their levels of sexual and relationship satisfaction. Individuals with insecure attachment styles are more likely to feel significantly less satisfaction from their sexual and relationships than their secure counterparts.

The aim of this study was to examine the relationship between intellectual capital and profitability models of Huang and Wang for companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange. The results obtained in this study indicated that marital conflicts between spouses decreased after training.

The current study is aimed at reviewing the relationship among mathematics and some students' level variables and school level variables in the context of TIMSS data. The results showed that school level may predict greater variance than educational performance.

The aim of this study was to examine the relationship between intellectual capital and profitability models of Huang and Wang. The results showed that both interfaces of intellectual capital are a significant positive relationship with corporate profitability.

This study did with examining the goal of entrepreneurship indexes between students of Islamic Azad university of Damghan unit. The results indicated that entrepreneurship indexes exist in the middle level between students of Islamic Azad university Damghan unit.

Mixed methods are the third paradigm of educational research. Both quantitative and qualitative approaches are considered important in educational research as they are able to show a significant link between educational theory and practice and also help to solve the educational problems.
Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran

Mahmoodi, M. Zarei, E. and Askarii, M.


ABSTRACT:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research was carried out on 329 students from 9-11 years old in Bandar Abbas city. The results showed that attachment patterns were effective in predicting conduct disorder. The results also showed that the patterns of attachment had the highest prediction power. In other words, the attachment patterns of students were very effective in predicting their conduct disorder.

Key words: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students

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ABSTRACT:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education. This research was aimed at studying the effectiveness of life skills training on achievement motivation and life satisfaction of students. The research was carried out on 124 students from grades 10 and 11 in Bandar Abbas city. The results showed that the life skills training had a positive effect on achievement motivation and life satisfaction of students. The results also showed that the life skills training had a positive effect on the students' achievement motivation and life satisfaction.

Keyword: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction