Comparative analysis on Cyber-Crimes

Review Article, C50

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ABSTRACT: So far legislators from several countries have purposed many definitions for cyber-crime but they have not yet achieved a clear consensus. This study aims to further analyze issue and imply briefly about types of cyber-crimes and classification of the content-related crimes in cyberspace.

Key words: Computer-related Crimes, Criminalization, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Criminal Content-Cyber Crimes, Cyberspace, Content-related Crime

Study of Rumination and Locus of Control Roles in Depression of Female Employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran

Original Research, C51

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ABSTRACT: Depression is a phenomenon that is considered one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today's world. This study examines the relationships between rumination, locus of control, and depression among female employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht. The results showed that there is a positive and significant relationship between rumination and external locus of control.

Key words: Rumination, Locus of control, Depression, Female employees.
The current study is intended to investigate into the impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) on learning styles (Kolb Model) in students at post-test stage. Thus, it may be concluded that one can modify students' learning styles by means of ICT.

The role of 5S in learning enrichment of girls' high schools from teachers' view are ranked respectively as follows: Shine (S3), then Sort (S1), Standardization (S4), Set (S2), and Sustain (S5).

Knowledge Transfer, Knowledge Share, Knowledge Management, Organizational Management.


Accounting Conservatism, Bankruptcy Risk-Debit Ratio, Altman Model.

School leaders across the world are exploring ways to better train students and develop school performance. In this study, the emergence and extent of SBM around the world and also in Iran content and presenting conceptual framework.

The present study analyzes Balanced Scorecard (BSC) as a tool to evaluate organizational strategies. This investigation is mainly intended to answer the question which of internal processes should an organization focused further to meet shareholders and customers' satisfaction?...

The present article analyzes Sunshade Management in organizations. This study is mainly intended to give answers to some limitations suggested to deal with advantages of sunshade management in organizations rather than removing the aforesaid limitations.

Emotional Intelligence (EI), Self- motivation, Empathy, Social Skill, Self- Awareness, Self- Regulation, Educational Achievement.

The present research aims at studying the relationship between accounting conservatism and bankruptcy risk for the companies under study.

The present study is prepared by aiming at investigation into the relationship among Quality of Working Life (QWL) and job satisfaction among members of academic fellowship.

Sunshade Management, Management Metaphors (Allusions), Allusion of Mushroom Management, Metaphor of Wet Blankets Management.

The present essay has studied on the relationship among students' educational creativity and their educational achievement in sixth grade at primary schools that educational self- actualization is interpreted by variables of fluidity, elaboration, originality, and flexibility.

Quality of Working Life (QWL), Job Satisfaction, Members of Academic Fellowship.

The objective of the present study is to study the relationship between managers' compensation and earnings in companies. The hypothesis indicated that there is a significant direct relationship between managers' compensation and earnings.

The present study is intended to study on role of 5S system in learning enrichment of girls' high schools from teachers' view and knowledge sharing.

The relationship between teachers' Emotional Intelligence with their female students' educational achievement in sixth grade at primary schools

Educational Creativity, Fluidity, Elaboration, Originality, Flexibility, Educational Self- actualization.

The Influence of Institutional Ownership on Growth Opportunities and Dividend Policies.


School-Based Management, SBM policy, Teacher.

3(4): 436-441, 2013

The Balanced Scorecard (BSC), as a tool for evaluation of organizational strategies in universities.

3(4): 442-446, 2013


A Review of Barriers' Transfer and Knowledge Sharing


Analysis of the Relationship between Managers' Compensation and Earnings in Companies Listed in the Tehran Stock Exchange


The Influence of Institutional Ownership on Growth Opportunities and Dividend Policies

3(4): 472-476, 2013

Educational Creativity, Fluidity, Elaboration, Originality, Flexibility, Educational Self- actualization.


The Balanced Scorecard (BSC), as a tool for evaluation of organizational strategies in universities.
The purpose of this study was to examine the relationship between proactive personalities, organizational culture, Conscientiousness, Perceived Supervisor Support, Proactive Behavior, and Gas Refinery Workers. The results of Regression analysis showed that predictive variables determine around 63 percent of criterion variable.

The current study is a descriptive plan that has studied the relationship among Organizational Climate and Entrepreneurship in Teachers. Furthermore, rate of entrepreneurship in male teachers is greater than in female teachers.

The present study did with examining goal of entrepreneurship indexes between students of Islamic Azad university of Damghan. It was found that entrepreneurship indexes exist in the middle level between students of Islamic Azad university Damghan unit.

The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the factor structure and validity of an Iranian translation of the Future Orientation Questionnaire. The Iranian version of the Future Orientation Questionnaire is a useful tool for assessing adolescents' future orientation.

Proactive Personality, Organizational Culture, Conscientious, Perceived Supervisor Support, Proactive Behavior, Gas Refinery Workers.

The purpose of this study was to compare the value orientation of high school students in vicinity 1 and their parents in terms of readiness to change. The results show that Schwartz values in the case of readiness to change, had significant differences between parents and students.

The aim of this study was to examine the relationship between intellectual capital and profitability models of Huang and Wang for companies listed in Tehran Stock Exchange. The results show that both interfaces of intellectual capital are a significant positive relationship with corporate profitability.

Mixed methods are the third paradigm of educational research. Both quantitative and qualitative approaches are considered in this study. This method helps to show a significant link between educational theory and practice and also help to solve the educational problems.

This study was carried out to analyze the content of textbooks in pre-occupational course (secondary school) for students with Intellectual Disability Emphasizing on Attention to the Skills of Gardner's Multiple Intelligences. The results show that at the rate of attention to the teaching of Gardner's Multiple Intelligences in various books of pre-occupational course.
Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas, Iran

Mahmoodi, M., Zarei, E., & Askari, M.


Abstract:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research was conducted on a sample of 9-11-year-old students from Bandar Abbas City in Iran. The short-form of the Attachment Questionnaire was used to measure attachment patterns. The Multidimensional Conduct Disorder Scale (MCDS) was used to measure conduct disorder. The results showed that attachment patterns had a significant impact on conduct disorder. The anxious/ambivalent attachment pattern had the highest prediction power in conduct disorder, followed by the avoidant attachment pattern, then the secure attachment pattern. The findings of this study suggest that the treatment of conduct disorder should focus on the attachment patterns of children. The results of the study are consistent with previous studies and highlight the importance of maintaining a secure attachment in the development of children's behavior.

Key words: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students

Lak, Z., Rajabi, S., Moazedian, A., Pournikdast, S., & Sabetimani, M.


Abstract:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education. Therefore, it is necessary to continuously improve the education system. This study aimed to examine the effectiveness of Life Skills Training (LST) on achievement motivation and life satisfaction of students. A total of 120 students were selected from Bandar Abbas City, Iran, and randomly assigned to the LST group and the control group. The LST group received 10 sessions of LST, while the control group did not receive any intervention. The posttest results showed that the LST group had significantly higher achievement motivation and life satisfaction than the control group. The findings of this study suggest that LST is an effective method for improving students' achievement motivation and life satisfaction. The results are consistent with previous studies and highlight the importance of implementing LST in schools.

Key word: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction of Students