Research Title/ Field

Article (Abstract)

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Comparative analysis on Cyber-Crimes

Review Article, C50

Najafi Y., Inanloo A. Radmehr S, and Jahani Z.

ABSTRACT:
So far legislators from several countries have purposed many definitions for cyber-crime but they have not yet achieved agreement and imply briefly about types of cyber-crimes and classification of the content-related crimes in cyberspace.

Key words:
Computer-related Crimes, Criminalization, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Criminal Content-Cyber Crimes, Cyberspace, Content-related Crime

Study of Rumination and Locus of Control Roles in Depression of Female Employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran

Original Research, C51

Mohammadi K., Zarei E., Chaleshgar M.


ABSTRACT:
Depression is a phenomenon that is considered one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today's world. Rumination and external locus of control can play important roles in depression of female employees. The purpose of this study was to determine rumination and locus of control roles in depression of female employees. In this study, 300 female employees were selected through random sampling. Results showed that there is a positive and significant relationship between rumination and external locus of control.
The purpose of this study was to examine relationships between married adults' attachment styles and their levels of relationship satisfaction. Individuals with insecure attachment styles are more likely to feel significantly less satisfaction from their sexual and relationships than their secure counterparts.

The main purpose of this study was to investigate the relationship between quality of work life and job satisfaction of teachers in this study. The results indicate that if the quality of life improves, the job satisfaction will also increase.

This study was carried out to analyze the content of textbooks in pre-occupational course (secondary school) for students. It aimed to study the rate of attention to the teaching of Gardner's Multiple Intelligences in various books of pre-occupational course.

The current study is aimed at reviewing the relationship among mathematics and some students' level variables and school achievement. The study concluded that variable of students' variables, variable of school level may predict greater variance than educational performance.

The aim of this study was to examine the relationship between intellectual capital and profitability models of Huang and Wang. The study showed that both interfaces of intellectual capital are a significant positive relationship with corporate profitability.

The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the factor structure and validity of an Iranian translation of the Future Orientation Questionnaire. The study concluded that the Iranian version of the Future Orientation Questionnaire is a useful tool for assessing adolescents' future orientation.

Keywords: Proactive Personality, Organizational Culture, Conscientious, Perceived Supervisor Support, Proactive Behavior, Gas Refinery Workers.

The present study did with examining goal of entrepreneurship indexes between students of Islamic Azad university of Damghan. The study found that entrepreneurship indexes exist in the middle level between students of Islamic Azad university Damghan unit.

The purpose of this study was to compare the value orientation of high school students in vicinity 1 and their parents. The study found significant differences between parents and students in Schwartz values in the case of readiness to change.

Mixed methods are the third paradigm of educational research. Both quantitative and qualitative approaches are considered complementary, and they are used together to provide a more comprehensive understanding of educational phenomena.
Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran


ABSTRACT:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research was carried out in Bandar Abbas City on 30 9-11-year-old students. The children were divided into two groups randomly: the experimental group and the control group. The experimental group underwent psychological counseling based on attachment theory and received 12 sessions of therapy. The control group received the usual counseling services. The results showed that the attachment patterns had the highest prediction power in the conduct disorder. The group that received the therapy was significantly different from the control group.

Key words: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students


ABSTRACT:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education. The effectiveness of life skills training on achievement motivation and life satisfaction of students was investigated in this study. The research was carried out on 120 students (60 boys and 60 girls) from Bandar Abbas City. The students were divided into two groups randomly: the experimental group and the control group. The experimental group received 14 sessions of life skills training, while the control group received the usual counseling services. The results showed that life skills training had a significant impact on achievement motivation and life satisfaction of the students.

Keyword: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction