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**Comparative analysis on Cyber-Crimes**

**Review Article, C50**

**Najafi Y., Inanloo A. Radmehr S, and Jahani Z.**

ABSTRACT: So far legislators from several countries have purposed many definitions for cyber-crime but they have not yet achieved a general consensus. The purpose of this study is to give attention and imply briefly about types of cyber-crimes and classification of the content-related crimes in cyberspace.

Key words: Computer-related Crimes, Criminalization, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), Criminal Content-Cyber Crimes, Cyberspace, Content-related Crime

Study of Rumination and Locus of Control Roles in Depression of Female Employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran

Original Research, C51

Mohammadi K., Zarei E., Chaleshgar M.


ABSTRACT: Depression is a phenomenon that is considered to be one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today’s world. The present research aimed to find the relationship between rumination and depression among female employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran. The results showed that there is a positive and significant relationship between rumination and external locus of control.

Key words: Rumination, Locus of control, Depression, Female employees.
The current study is intended to investigate into the impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) on learning styles (Kolb Model) in Smart Secondary Schools in Qom Province.

The present research aims at studying the relationship between accounting conservatism and bankruptcy risk for the companies registered with Tehran Stock Exchange.

The objective of the present study is to study the relationship between managers' compensation and earnings in companies. The hypothesis indicated that there is a significant direct relationship between managers' compensation and earnings.

The present research is prepared by aiming at investigation into the relationship among Quality of Working Life (QWL) and job satisfaction in members of academic fellowship from Islamic Azad University.

The current study is generally intended to study on role of 5S system in learning enrichment of girls' high schools from the viewpoint of students.
The purpose of this study was to compare the value orientation of high school students in vicinity 1 and their parents in Bandar Abbas.

The main purpose of this study was to investigate the relationship between quality of work life and job satisfaction of teachers. The results indicate that if the quality of life improves, the job satisfaction will also increase.

The purpose of this study was to examine the relationship between proactive personalities, organizational culture, conscientious, perceived supervisor support, proactive behavior, and gas refinery workers.

The current study is aimed at reviewing the relationship among mathematics and some students' level variables and school level variables in the TIMSS 2007 dataset. The results of the regression analysis showed that predictive variables determine around 63 percent of the criterion variable.

The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the factor structure and validity of an Iranian translation of the Future Orientation Questionnaire. The validation of the Future Orientation Scale through Confirmatory Factor Analysis showed that the Iranian version of the Future Orientation Questionnaire is a useful tool for assessing adolescents' future orientation.

The current survey is a descriptive plan that has studied the relationship among Organizational Climate, entrepreneurship in teachers. Furthermore, the results indicated the rate of entrepreneurship in male teachers is greater than in female teachers.

The purpose of this study was to examine relationships between married adults' attachment styles and their levels of sexual and relationship satisfaction. It was found that married adults who are more likely to feel significantly less satisfaction from their sexual and relationships than their secure counterparts.
Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran

Mahmoodi, M. Zarei, E. and Askarii, M.


Abstract:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research was conducted on a sample of 120 9-11-year-old students in the city of Bandar Abbas (Iran). The research data were collected using the ECR (Experiences in Close Relationships) and the Conduct Disorder Checklist (CDQ). Results showed that avoidant attachment patterns had the highest and the secure and then the avoiding patterns had the list prediction power in conduct disorder.

Keywords: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students

Lak, Z. Rajabi, S. Moazedian, A. Pournikdast, S. and Sabetimani, M.


Abstract:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education. The main purpose of the present study was to determine the effectiveness of life skills training on achievement motivation and life satisfaction of students. The results of the research showed that life skills training is effective in increasing the students' achievement motivation and life satisfaction. The research conclusion has important implications for students regarding education and counseling services.

Keyword: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction