<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research Title/ Field</th>
<th>Article (Abstract)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Comparative analysis on Cyber-Crimes</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Review Article, C50</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Najafi Y., Inanloo A. Radmehr S, and Jahani Z.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Study of Rumination and Locus of Control Roles in Depression of Female Employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran

Original Research, C51

Mohammadi K., Zarei E., Chaleshgar M.


ABSTRACT: Depression is a phenomenon that is considered one of the most complicated issues of mental health in today's world. The current study examined the effectiveness of the rumination and locus of control roles in depression of female employees of the University of Medical Sciences, Rasht, Iran. The results showed that there is a positive and significant relationship between rumination and external locus of control.
The current study is intended to investigate the impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) on learning styles (Kolb Model) in Smart Secondary Schools in Qom Province. Thus, it may be concluded that one can modify students' learning styles by means of ICT.

The present essay has studied on the relationship among students' educational creativity and their educational self-actualization. It is interpreted by variables of fluidity, elaboration, originality, and flexibility.

The objective of this research is to study the relationship between accounting conservatism and capital structure of companies. It examines the ratio of debt to equity and ratio of debt to total assets in companies under study.

The objective of the present study is to study the relationship between managers' compensation and earnings in companies. The hypothesis indicated that there is a significant direct relationship between managers' compensation and earnings.

The current study is generally intended to study on role of 5S system in learning enrichment of girls' high schools from Islamic Azad University. They are ranked respectively as follows: Shine (S3), then Sort (S1), Standardization (S4), Set (S2), and Sustain (S5).

School leaders across the world are exploring ways to better train students and develop school performance. In this study, we aim to present conceptual framework for evaluation of barriers' transfer and knowledge sharing in organizations. This study is mainly intended to answer some key questions on these limitations.

The Balanced Scorecard (BSC), as a tool for evaluation of organizational strategies, is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to analyze this tool for evaluation of organizational strategies. The BSC needs to be improved in the organization by covering the four perspectives: Financial perspective, Customer perspective, Internal Process perspective, and Growth and Learning perspective.

The implementation of School-Based Management (SBM) policy in Iran is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to present conceptual framework for implementation of SBM in Iran. This study is mainly intended to present conceptual framework and benefitting from its advantages and characteristics.

The influence of institutional ownership on growth opportunities and dividend policies is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to present conceptual framework for institutional ownership in Iran. This study is mainly intended to present conceptual framework and benefitting from its advantages and disadvantages.

The impact of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) on learning styles (Kolb Model) in Smart Secondary Schools in Qom Province is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to present conceptual framework for ICT and learning styles. This study is mainly intended to present conceptual framework and benefitting from its advantages and disadvantages.

The review of relationship among Quality of Working Life (QWL) and job satisfaction in members of academic fellowship from Islamic Azad University is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to present conceptual framework for QWL and job satisfaction in academic fellowship. This study is mainly intended to present conceptual framework and benefitting from its advantages and disadvantages.

The implementation of School-Based Management (SBM) policy in Iran is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to present conceptual framework for implementation of SBM in Iran. This study is mainly intended to present conceptual framework and benefitting from its advantages and characteristics.

The influence of Institutional Ownership on Growth Opportunities and Dividend Policies is to be reviewed in this paper. This study is intended to present conceptual framework for Institutional Ownership in Iran. This study is mainly intended to present conceptual framework and benefitting from its advantages and disadvantages.
The purpose of this study was to compare the value orientation of high school students in vicinity 1 and their parents in Bandar Abbas. The study aimed to investigate the differences in Schwartz values in the case of readiness to change, had significant differences between parents and students.

The main purpose of this study was to investigate the relationship between quality of work life and job satisfaction of teachers in this study. The results indicate that if the quality of life improves, the job satisfaction will also increase.

Mixed methods are the third paradigm of educational research. Both quantitative and qualitative approaches are considered in this study. Mixed methods are able to show a significant link between educational theory and practice and also help to solve the educational problems.

The current study is aimed at reviewing the relationship among mathematics and some students' level variables and school level variables in mathematics achievement based on TIMSS data 2007. The study found that variable of students' variables, variable of school level may predict greater variance than educational performance.

The current survey is a descriptive plan that has studied the relationship among Organizational Climate and Entrepreneurship in teachers. Furthermore, rate of entrepreneurship in male teachers is greater than in female teachers.

The purpose of this study was to examine the relationship between proactive personalities, Organizational Culture, Conscientiousness, Perceived Supervisor Support, Proactive Behavior of the Bid Boland Gas Refinery Workers. The results of Regression analysis showed that predictive variables determine around 63 percent of criterion variable.

The purpose of this study was to examine relationships between married adults' attachment styles and their levels of sexual and relationship satisfaction. Marital satisfaction is more likely to feel significantly less satisfaction from their sexual and relationship satisfaction than their secure counterparts.

The present study did with examining goal of entrepreneurship indexes between students of Islamic Azad university of Damghan unit. The study found that entrepreneurship indexes exist in the middle level between students of Islamic Azad university Damghan unit.

Keywords
- Proactive Personality
- Organizational Culture
- Conscientious
- Perceived Supervisor Support
- Proactive Behavior
- Gas Refinery Workers.


Keywords
- Intellectual Capital
- Profitability
- Huang and Wang Model
- Paulic Model


Keywords
- Entrepreneurship
- University Students.


Keywords
- Multiple Intelligences
- Content Analysis
- Pre-Occupational Course
- Secondary School
- Students with Intellectual Disability


Keywords
- Mixed Methods Research
- New Paradigm
- Educational Research


Keywords
- Organizational Climate
- Entrepreneurship
- Work-Knowledge-Based Technical High School


Keywords
- Entrepreneurship
- Agriculture Students
- Islamic Azad University


Keywords
- Proactive Personality
- Conscientiousness
- Perceived Supervisor Support
- Proactive Behavior
- Gas Refinery Workers.


Keywords
- Organizational Climate
- Entrepreneurship
- Work-Knowledge-Based Technical High School


Keywords
- Entrepreneurship
- Agriculture Students
- Islamic Azad University


Keywords
- Entrepreneurship
- Agriculture Students
- Islamic Azad University


Keywords
- Organizational Climate
- Entrepreneurship
- Work-Knowledge-Based Technical High School


Keywords
- Mixed Methods Research
- New Paradigm
- Educational Research


Keywords
- Entrepreneurship
- University Students.


Keywords
- Multiple Intelligences
- Content Analysis
- Pre-Occupational Course
- Secondary School
- Students with Intellectual Disability


Keywords
- Organizational Climate
- Entrepreneurship
- Work-Knowledge-Based Technical High School


Keywords
- Entrepreneurship
- Agriculture Students
- Islamic Azad University


Keywords
- Proactive Personality
- Conscientiousness
- Perceived Supervisor Support
- Proactive Behavior
- Gas Refinery Workers.
Attachment Patterns as Predictors of Conduct Disorder in 9-11-Year-Old Students in Bandar Abbas City, Iran

Mahmoodi, M. Zarei, E. and Askarii, M.


ABSTRACT:
This research was aimed at studying the relationship between attachment patterns and conduct disorder. The research ... patterns had the highest and the secure and then the avoiding patterns had the list prediction power in conduct disorder.

Key words: Conduct Disorder, Attachment Patterns, Students

The Effectiveness of Life Skills Training on Achievement Motivation and Life Satisfaction of Students

Lak, Z. Rajabi, S. Moazedian, A. Pournikdast, S. and Sabetimani, M.


ABSTRACT:
Since a considerable part of students' lives are spent at school, a huge contribution is made by the schools to education ... and conclusion of the research has important implications for students regarding education and counseling services.

Keyword: Life Skills, Achievement Motivation, Life Satisfaction