Relationship between Knowledge Management and Organizational Creativity of the Staff (Case Study - Finance Affairs Management of Tejarat Bank).

Kiyaee S.Z.S., Hossein Zadeh D. and Barzegar N.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present research was to i...
Assessing the Effects of Auditing Institutions’ Size and Type of Auditors’ Opinion on Auditing Institutions’ Rotation

Original Research, D28

AbdoliM. Mahmoudzadeh A. and Darvishan M.


ASSUMPTIONS:

ABSTRACT: Nowadays, not only in academic areas but also in the business world, auditors' independency is a key concern. The present study aims to investigate the effects of auditing institutions' size and the type of auditors' opinion on auditing institutions' rotation. The research was conducted using a questionnaire survey and data analysis techniques. The findings reveal that auditing institutions' size and the type of auditors' opinion are not significantly associated with auditing institutions' rotation.

Keywords: Auditing Institution’s Rotation, The Type of Auditors’ Opinion, Auditing Institution’s Size
The purpose of this research is to examine the relationship between audit fees and board compensation while controlling for various factors. Using regression analysis, a significant positive relationship was observed between cumulative stock returns and board compensation.

The aim of this paper is to examine the causality relationship between foreign direct investment, exports, and economic growth. Panel-VECM analysis indicates a unidirectional causality from GDP to FDI and bidirectional causality between GDP and exports.

This research is aimed at investigating the impact of a synthetic model of teaching on creative writing of fifth-grade boys. The experimental group showed higher creativity. There was a significant difference between them and the research hypothesis was verified.

In this research, it is tried to determine the relation between governance system components and earnings quality in the Tehran Stock Exchange. The present study has not any significant effect on earning quality of listed companies in the Tehran Stock Exchange.

This research evaluated the relationship of return with free cash flow and earnings before and after restatement of financial statements. The power of information is decreased which in turn results in the decrease of the financial statements' reliability.

The present study is aimed to examine the effect of REBT on decreasing depression and anxiety of women living in Qom. Based on the results, REBT significantly reduced these variables.

This study investigates the relationship between self-efficacy and psychological well-being components. It also examines the relationship between self-efficacy and autonomy and effective communication. All three components (self-efficacy, autonomy, and effective communication) have a significant effect on self-efficacy.

This research is aimed at investigating the impact of a synthetic model of teaching on creative writing of students in the last year of primary education in Dezful. The experimental group showed higher creativity. There was a significant difference between them and the research hypothesis was verified.

The present research discusses earnings management of managers using restatement of income numbers to know whether managers gain through restatement of income numbers. Earnings management up to 95 percent and managers gain through restatement of income numbers.
This survey is an effort to realize the relationship between job satisfaction and marital satisfaction among teachers in ... 5 (Higher record of services equal to more job satisfaction) have been accepted and other hypothesis have been rejected.

The purpose of this study was to investigate the relationship between family communication patterns and satisfaction with ... Based on the findings, it can be concluded that conversation plays a key role in students' life satisfaction.

Corrective Feedback, Evaluative Feedback, Formative Feedback, Student Writing, Writing Performance

In present century, commercial competitive market transforms to a competitive market between the brands. The brands spare ... selected for this research using Cochran's sample size is 384 people of clothing luxury brands consumers of Kish Island.

The aim of this study was to investigate the relationship between the components of emotional intelligence and addiction potential of high school male students. The results showed the existence of a strong significant negative correlation between emotional intelligence and addiction potential. The results of the study also showed that addiction potential increased by the decrease in the components of the emotional intelligence. And it makes clear that the need of students to participate in group work.

Growing demands in finding new strategies to maximize organizational effectiveness have resulted in development of ... existed between psychological capital with perceived organizational support, job satisfaction and affective commitment.

Many factors affect interpersonal attractions. According to Social psychological studies, pleasant and unpleasant odors ... present. Pleasant odors have more influence on women, but the effects of unpleasant odors, are the same for both sexes.

Debate about the value of providing corrective feedback on L2 Writing has been outstanding in recent years as Truscott, ... Iranian low proficiency student writers prefer the clarity of evaluative feedback which directly addresses their errors.
Assessing Asymmetrical Relationship between Cash Flow Sensitivity and Operating Cash Flow

Abdoli, M. Mahmoudzadeh, A. and Rahimiyan, F.


ABSTRACT:
Economic institutions mostly hold their assets in the cash accounts. The present study mainly aims to assess the relationship between the circumstances that lead to cash flow sensitivity of cash and the effect of income factors on the determination of sensitivity. The results also showed that fiscal restraints are not significantly influential in cash flow sensitivity of cash.

Keywords: Asymmetric cash flow, Fiscal constraint, sensitivity of cash

Effect of Corporate Governance on Information Content of Operations (Unprofitable Compared Profitable Companies)

Sedighi, R. Abdoli, M. and Mahmoudzadeh, A.


ABSTRACT:
The purpose of this study is to investigate the effect of corporate governance mechanism on information content of operations of unprofitable companies, compared to that of profitable companies. To do so, the impact of variables such as Institutional Investors, The Non-duty Managers in the Board of Directors, Free Float Stock and The Use of Debt in Financing on Stock returns of both unprofitable and profitable companies was studied. Statistical sample includes 13 companies, between the years of 2007 to 2012. This study used a "combinational data" method in order to test considered theories. Study results shows that there is a meaningful relation between nominative stockholders percent of property and stock returns in bad companies. In addition, there is also a positive relation between unbound managers in board of directors and Stock returns, which its impact is more in bad companies. Moreover, there is a meaningful relevance between floating stock and stock returns in both profitable and bad companies but it has a stronger effect on the former one. Finally, there is a negative relation between the percentage of debt to financial feasibility and stock yield in bad companies. However, no relation was found in profitable companies.

Keywords: Corporate Governance, Debt Financing, Institutional Investors, Non-duty Managers, Stock returns.

Relationship between Restating Financial Statements and Accuracy of Forecasting Dividends per Share

Borhani, S. and Abdoli, M.


ABSTRACT:
Present study is aimed to investigate the relationship between restating financial statements and accuracy of forecasting dividends per share. It is expected that the restatement of financial statements will increase the accuracy of forecasting dividends per share in pre-period of restating.

Keywords: Restating Financial Statements; Accuracy of Forecasting, Dividends per Share

Investigating the Impact of Job Attitudes on Organizational Citizenship Behavior and Knowledge Sharing

Jofreh, M. Aghaei, T. and BarzegarMamqani, N.


ABSTRACT:
The importance of knowledge as a source of strategic renewal of an organization is obvious in today's complex and competitive environment. To solve this problem, knowledge sharing plays an essential role in management development. The purpose of this study is to examine the impact of job attitudes on organizational citizenship behavior and knowledge sharing. It is expected that the higher the level of job attitudes, the greater the organizational citizenship behavior and knowledge sharing.

Keywords: Job attitudes, organizational citizenship behavior, knowledge sharing.

The Effectiveness of Narrative Therapy on Anxiety and Co Morbidity Disorders of Pre-School Children

Rahmani, P. Moheb, N. Moazedian, A. and Lak, L.


ABSTRACT:
In order to find out the effectiveness of narrative therapy in reducing anxiety and co morbidity disorders of pre-school children, data was collected from thirty children. The study was conducted on both groups of experimental and control. The results showed that narrative therapy reduced anxiety and co morbidity disorders of pre-school children.

Keywords: anxiety; narrative therapy; children; play therapy.