Design and Explanation of Individual Aspects of Trauma Controlling Organization in Public Sector

Original Research, D58

Vahedi, M. Shekari, H. and Shirazi S.
ABSTRACT: In an organization design, individual, organizational and environmental aspects are considered. This paper studies the impact of trauma controlling organization in public sector, while this variant has indirect impact of 0.41 in the organization.

Keywords: Trauma; Public Sector; Individual Aspects

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ABSTRACT: The improvement of instruction has been a goal of educators as far back as the teachings of the Greek philosopher, and with the advent of technology, the approach has evolved. This paper explores Individualized Instruction in Computer-Assisted Instruction and define and describe its approach and advantages and also disadvantages of individualized instruction.

Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI

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Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI
The Comparative Analysis on Mathematical Achievement, Self- efficacy, and Self-concept Based the Perceived Classroom Climate

Original Research, D60

Kakojoibari, A. and Sharifi Saki, Sh.


ABSTRACT: The current study is aimed at conducting a comparative analysis on mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept based on the perceived classroom climate. The study found that there were significant differences in the three variables, with the differences being partly adjustable by some variables including mathematical self-efficacy.

Keywords: Mathematics Achievement, Mathematical Self-efficacy, Mathematical Self-concept, Perceived Classroom Climate, Students
The Study on the Impact of Teachers’ Content Product on Their Performance in Schools of Tehran City at Academic Year 2012-2013

Original Research, D61

Norietemad, J.


ABSTRACT: The present research was conducted to study

Keywords: Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools
Mental Health Survey of the Adolescence and Adult Population in Iran

Original Research, D62

Rajabi, S. and Dehghani, Y.


ABSTRACT: The main goal of this study is to determine prevalence of mental disorders among individuals at the age of 15-65 years in Iran. Current study showed that prevalence rate of mental disorders is higher among the females than male (34.4% VS 21.1%).

Keywords: Anxiety; Depression; Somatization; social performance disorder; Mental Disorders
ABSTRACT:
The purpose of this study was to evaluate Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index, and more willing to try to communicate more effectively with them and teaching space become more motivated for them.

Keywords: Human Relations, Faculty members, Students Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools

pii: S23224770 1400064-4
Comparing Anger Management, Anger Dimensions, and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment Addicts and Non Addicts

Original Research, D64

Tabatabae, S.M. Moazedian, A. and Noori, H.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of present research is "The Com... addict males and also non addict males regarding anger control and quality of life addict males and non-addict males.

Keywords: Anger Control, Anger Dimension, Quality of Life
ABSTRACT: The current investigation is intended to identify the effective factors on achievement in Smart Schools via study on the status quo and problems of the Smart Schools. The results imply that the software, digital, and hardware factors are required to be in suitable conditions and also the environmental factors are at average level.

Keywords: Smart Schools, Evaluation, Information Technology
Foster Self-esteem in Adolescents: Lipmann Approach

Original Research, D66

Tajali Nia, A.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is examining...

Keywords: Self-esteem, Philosophy for Children, Investigation
An Examination into the Elementary Schools Teachers' Viewpoint on the Role of Assistant Principal

Original Research, D67
Mahdavi, N.


ABSTRACT: The present research has employed a qualitative approach with a phenomenological method to assess the viewpoint of teachers on the role of Assistant Principal within the Enacted Curriculum. The findings indicate that the role of Assistant Principal is pivotal, and they are influential factors in encouraging the teachers to employ innovative methods and avoid the traditional methods.

Keywords: Enacted Curriculum, Role, Viewpoint, Assistant Principal
Abstract:
The main purpose of this research is to survey the relationship between social capital and knowledge management with organizational intelligence in the tax affairs organization of Tehran. This study aims to determine how social capital, knowledge management, and organizational intelligence can interact and predict organizational performance. The results indicate that social capital, knowledge management, and organizational intelligence are significant factors that predict organizational intelligence. The study also suggests that by improving these components, an organization can enhance its overall performance.

Keywords:
Social capital, Knowledge management, Organizational intelligence
The Relationship between Financial Capital and Abnormal Yield in Newly-Arrived Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange

Original Research, D69
Barati, S. and Abdoli, M.


ABSTRACT: Business and commercial units play significant role in economic structure of a country. Today, business units as main firms and organizations in the production and economic growth in the country, are important. The purpose is to determine the relationship between financial capital and abnormal yield of stock in newly-arrived companies to Tehran Stock Exchange.

Keywords: Financial capital, Abnormal yield, Economic added value, Residual income
The Relationship between Religious Beliefs, Optimism and Moral Health of the University Students

Original Research, D70

Zakery, J. Makari, R. Pir Cheraghal, A. and Zahedi, O.

ABSTRACT: The target of the current study is to assess the relationship between religious beliefs & optimism and moral health of the students. The study used a descriptive method, and the research sample included 200 students from the University of Tehran. The results indicated that the variables of religious beliefs and optimism, respectively, were the factors of forecasting the moral health.

Keywords: Religious beliefs, Optimism, Moral health

Investigating the Impact of Restated Financial Statements on Persistence of Financial Performance

Original Research, D71
Khatibzadeh, P. Abdoli, M. and Dehdar. F.

ABSTRACT: The present research investigates the relationship between the restated accounting figures and persistence of financial performance. The study finds that restating financial reports increases, while increasing financial leverage results in reduction of the persistence of financial performance.

Keywords: Restated Financial Statement, Persistence of Financial Performance

Earnings Management and Intellectual Capital

Original Research, D72

Galdipour, S., Rahimiyan, F., Etemad, A., and Panahi, H.
ABSTRACT: The present study aims to investigate the relationship between intellectual capital, its development and earnings management. Using the modified Jones model, discretionary accruals were applied as the criterion for determining earnings management. The findings indicate that there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital and earnings management, but there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital and intellectual capital development.

Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Intellectual Capital Development

Educational Services Quality Analysis
Original Research, D73
Baghdarnia, M. and Arash, M.


ABSTRACT: The goal of this study was to determine gaps in perceptions and expectations of students in University of Tehran using ... service quality, thus it should be attempted to eliminate or mitigate gaps in current and optimal statuses.

Keywords: Educational service; Student University; Quality

pii: S23224770 1400074-4

Performance Measurement based on the Created Value Added by using the Balanced Scorecard

Original Research, D74
Sherafat, A.VatankhahTafti, A. and Davoodi, S.M.

ABSTRACT: There are various methods developed for the performance evaluation. Most of the measurement models employ scoring systems, so, Balanced Scorecard and brainstorm methods are used to determine the role of each department in creating value added.

Keywords: Performance Evaluation, Value Added, Balanced Scorecard

Internet and Social Development in Teens

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is review the role of using of the internet on Social growth of guidance school students. The results show that internet usage increases compatibility and the spirit of cooperation and collaboration But the rise of Internet use time is reduced compatibility.
Investigate the Effect the Philosophy for Children program (p4c) on Reducing Trait Anger in Teens

Original Research, D76
Tajali Nia, A.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is investigate...
The present study aims to assess the relationship between information asymmetry and the cost of equity capital in listed companies on the Tehran Stock Exchange. The results of the study show that information asymmetry has a significant positive effect on the cost of equity capital. However, this effect can be confirmed in case of utilizing control variables.

The main question in this research was the identification of core competencies in the field of elementary education. This research aimed at the effects of cooperative education on the social intelligence of primary school students. The present study was designed to investigate the effectiveness of mindfulness in the prevention of drug relapse. Method: mindfulness training and behavioral drug reduction counseling (BDRC) were provided in two groups, and the effect of these methods was studied by comparing the relapse rates of the two groups. The purpose of this research was to discover the prediction of divorce between Zanjan couples based on mental disorders and demographic characteristics. The findings underline the importance of mental disorders and demographic characteristics in divorce.