Design and Explanation of Individual Aspects of Trauma Controlling Organization in Public Sector

Original Research, D58

Vahedi, M. Shekari, H. and Shirazi S.
ABSTRACT: In an organization design, individual, organizational and environmental aspects are considered. This paper studies the indirect impact of trauma controlling organization in public sector, while this variant has indirect impact of 0.41 in the organization.

Keywords: Trauma; Public Sector; Individual Aspects

ABSTRACT: The improvement of instruction has been a goal of educators as far back as the teachings of the Greek philosopher. This paper aims to approach and define and describe its approach and advantages and also disadvantages of individualized instruction.

Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI
The Comparative Analysis on Mathematical Achievement, Self-efficacy, and Self-concept Based on Perceived Classroom Climate

Original Research, D60

Kakojoibari, A. and Sharifi Saki, Sh.


ABSTRACT: The current study is aimed at conducting a comparative analysis on mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept based on perceived classroom climate.

Keywords: Mathematics Achievement, Mathematical Self-efficacy, Mathematical Self-concept, Perceived Classroom Climate, Students
The Study on the Impact of Teachers’ Content Production on Their Performance in Schools of Tehran

Original Research, D61

Norietemad, J.


ABSTRACT: The present research was conducted to study

Keywords: Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers
Mental Health Survey of the Adolescence and Adult Population in Iran

Original Research, D62

Rajabi, S. and Dehghani, Y.


ABSTRACT:
The main goal of this study is to determine prevalence of mental disorders among individuals at the age of 15-65 years in Iran. Current study showed that prevalence rate of mental disorders is higher among the females than male (34.4% VS 21.1%).

Keywords:
Anxiety; Depression; Somatization; Social performance disorder; Mental Disorders
Masters Students' Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index

Original Research, D63

Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of this study was to evaluate Masters Students' Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index. The study involved a survey of 300 Masters students and found that the faculty members' use of human relations improved the students' learning environment, made the students feel more comfortable in the classroom, encouraged them to participate more in class discussions, and made them more willing to try to communicate more effectively with them and teaching space became more motivated for them.

Keywords: Human Relations, Faculty members, Students Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools

pii: S23224770 1400064-4
Comparing Anger Management, Anger Dimensions, and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment Addicts and Non Addicts

Original Research, D64

Tabatabae, S.M. Moazedian, A. and Noori, H.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of present research is "The Comparison of Anger Control, Anger Dimension and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment addict males and also non addict males regarding anger control and quality of life addict males and non-addict males."

Keywords: Anger Control, Anger Dimension, Quality of Life
Identifying the Effective Factors on Achievement of Smart Schools by Review of the Status Quo and Problems in Smart Schools

Original Research, D65
Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The current investigation is intended to identify the effective factors on achievement in Smart Schools via study on the status quo and problems in Smart Schools. The status quo and problems in Smart Schools demonstrated that the soft factors are at average to poor level, the hardware and software factors are at average level, the human factors are at average to poor level, and the software factors are at average level. The environmental factors are at average level, and software and digital factors are not in suitable conditions and also environmental factors are at average level.

Keywords: Smart Schools, Evaluation, Information Technology
Foster Self-esteem in Adolescents: Lipmann Approach

Original Research, D66

Tajali Nia, A.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is examination of the impact of the program "philosophy for children" (p4c) on foster self-esteem in adolescents. The study investigated the effects of the program on general self-esteem, family self-esteem, social self-esteem and education self-esteem.

Keywords: Self-esteem, Philosophy for Children, Investigation Ring
An Examination into the Elementary Schools Teachers' Viewpoint on the Role of Assistant Principal

Original Research, D67
Mahdavi, N.


ABSTRACT: The present research has employed a qualitative approach with a phenomenological method to assess the viewpoint of teachers on the role of assistant principal within the enacted curriculum. The study found that assistant principals play a significant role in encouraging teachers to adopt innovative teaching methods and discouraging the use of traditional methods. The results highlight the importance of effective leadership in fostering a supportive learning environment.

Keywords: Enacted Curriculum, Role, Viewpoint, Assistant Principal
Examining the Relationship between Knowledge Management and Organizational Intelligence in Tax Affairs Organization of Tehran

Original Research, D68

Nazem, F Sajadian, S.M. and Malek Shahi, A.


ABSTRACT: The main purpose of this research is to survey, examine and analyze the relationship between social capital, knowledge management, and organizational intelligence in the tax affairs organization of Tehran. The results indicate that the factors of social capital, knowledge management, and organizational intelligence are related and can predict the organization intelligence.

Keywords: Social capital, Knowledge management, Organizational intelligence
The Relationship between Financial Capital and Abnormal Yield in Newly-Arrived Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange

Original Research, D69
Barati, S. and Abdoli, M.


ABSTRACT: Business and commercial units play significant role in economic structure of a country. Today, business units as main drivers of economic development and economic added value, residual income and book value with abnormal yield of stock in newly-arrived companies to Stock Exchange.

Keywords: Financial capital, Abnormal yield, Economic added value
The Relationship between Religious Beliefs, Optimism and Moral Health of the University Students

Original Research, D70

Zakery, J. Makari, R. Pir Cheraghi, A. and Zahedi, O.

| ABSTRACT: | The target of the current study is to assess the relationship between religious beliefs, optimism, and moral health. |
| Keywords: | Religious beliefs, Optimism, Moral health |

| Investigation of Restated Financial Statements on Persistence of Financial Performance |
| Khatibzadeh, P. Abdoli, M. and Dehdar. F. |

| Original Research, D71 |
ABSTRACT: The present research investigates the relationship between the restated accounting figures and persistence of financial performance. The study finds that increasing levels of earnings management reduce the persistence of financial performance, while increasing financial leverage results in a reduction of the persistence of financial performance.

Keywords: Restated Financial Statement, Persistence of Financial Performance

pii: S23224770 1400072-4

Earnings Management and Intellectual Capital

Original Research, D72

Galdipour, S. Rahimiyan, F. Etemad, A. and Panahi, H.
ABSTRACT: The present study aims to investigate the relationship between intellectual capital, its development, and earnings management. Using the modified Jones model, discretionary accruals were applied as the criterion for determining earnings management. There was no significant relationship between intellectual capital and earnings management, but there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital and intellectual capital development.

Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Intellectual Capital Development

Educational Services Quality Analysis
Baghdarnia, M. and Arash, M.


**ABSTRACT:**
The goal of this study was to determine gaps in perceptions and expectations of students in University of Tehran using the SERVQUAL model. The study was conducted by distributing questionnaires to 250 students of different faculties in the university. The results showed that there were significant gaps between perceptions and expectations, which reflect the need to improve the service quality. Thus, it should be attempted to eliminate or mitigate gaps in the current and optimal statuses.

**Keywords:** Educational service; Student University; Quality; Seroquel

*Original Research, D74*
Sherafat, A., Vatankhah Tafti, A. and Davoodi, S.M.


**Performance Measurement based on the Created Value Added by using the Balanced Scorecard**

*Original Research, D74*
Sherafat, A., Vatankhah Tafti, A. and Davoodi, S.M.
ABSTRACT: There are various methods developed for the performance evaluation. Most of the measurement models employ scoring ... so, Balanced Scorecard and brainstorm methods are used to determine the role of each department in creating value added.

Keywords: Performance Evaluation, Value Added, Balanced Scorecard

Internet and Social Development in Teens

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is rev...
Investigate the Effect of the Philosophy for Children program (p4c) on Reducing Trait Anger in Teens

Original Research, D76
Tajali Nia, A.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is investigating...
The purpose of this research was to discover the prediction of divorce between Zanjan couples based on mental disorders and demographic characteristics. The findings underline the importance of mental disorders and demographic characteristics in divorce.

The present study was designed to investigate the effectiveness of mindfulness in the prevention of drug relapse. Method: The study was conducted on a sample of 50 drug abusers. Results: The results showed that mindfulness training and behavior change training (BDRC) may be considered effective practical methods in reducing the risk of relapse in male drug abusers.

Particle Swarm algorithm, Markowitz Model, Mean-Variance Model, Client Risk Model

Growing demands in finding new strategies to maximize organizational effectiveness have resulted in the need for critical thinking and decision-making. The study aimed to examine the relationship between psychological capital with perceived organizational support, job satisfaction and affective commitment.

Affective organizational Commitment, Job Satisfaction, Perceived Organizational Support, Critical Thinking, Analysis, Evaluation, Inference, Deductive Reasoning, Inductive Reasoning

The current research is intended to examine the relationship among Field dependence-Independence (FDI) cognitive styles, learning characteristics, and comprehension skills. Data analysis done by regression analysis indicates that FDI cognitive style interprets 8.8, 9.2, and 11.6% variances for dependent variables (scores of reading comprehension, English learning, and educational achievement), respectively. Thus, the higher the field dependent style is, the higher English text comprehension, English language learning and educational achievement will be.

This research aimed to examine the effects of cooperative education on the social intelligence of primary school students looking at social reconstruction approach. This study could be suggested to holding cooperative education workshops at the same grade of primary school of students.

The main question in this research was the identification of core competencies in the field of elementary education in Iran. Regardless of the set of core competencies, will the implementation of the competency-based curriculum in the field of primary education have not the desired effectiveness to train professionals needed to improve education.