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<th>pii:</th>
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**Design and Explanation of Individual Aspects of Trauma Controlling Organization in Public Sector**

**Original Research, D58**

**Vahedi, M. Shekari, H. and Shirazi S.**
ABSTRACT: In an organization design, individual, organizational and environmental aspects are considered. This paper studies trauma controlling organization in public sector, while this variant has indirect impact of 0.41 in the organization.

Keywords: Trauma; Public Sector; Individual Aspects

ABSTRACT: The improvement of instruction has been a goal of educators as far back as the teachings of the Greek philosopher. The present study deals with the individualized instruction approach and define and describe its approach and advantages and also disadvantages of individualized instruction.

Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI
The Comparative Analysis on Mathematical Achievement, Self-efficacy, and Self-concept Based the Perceived Classroom Climate

Original Research, D60

Kakojoibari, A. and Sharifi Saki, Sh.


ABSTRACT: The current study is aimed at conducting a comparative analysis on the impact of perceived classroom climate on students' mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept. The study employed a survey method with a sample of students from different classrooms. The results indicated that the perceived classroom climate significantly influenced students' mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept. Specifically, students in classrooms with a supportive and positive climate showed higher achievement and self-efficacy. Further analysis showed that some variables such as teacher-student interaction and peer support mediated the relationship between classroom climate and students' outcomes. These findings highlight the importance of creating an optimal classroom environment to enhance students' academic performance and self-esteem.
The Study on the Impact of Teachers’ Content Product on Their Performance in Schools of Tehran

Original Research, D61

Norietemad, J.


ABSTRACT: The present research was conducted to study...
ABSTRACT: The main goal of this study is to determine prevalence rate of mental disorders among individuals at the age of 15-65 years in Iran. Current study showed that prevalence rate of mental disorders is higher among the females than male (34.4% VS 21.1%).

Keywords: Anxiety; Depression; Somatization; Social performance disorder; Mental Disorders
Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index

Original Research, D63

Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of this study was to evaluate Masters Students' Views towards the ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index. The findings showed that students believe that faculty members in the IAU-Sari Branch are more willing to communicate more effectively with them and teaching space becomes more motivated for them.

Keywords: Human Relations, Faculty members, Students Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools

pii: S23224770 1400064-4
Comparing Anger Management, Anger Dimensions, and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment Addicts and Non Addicts

Original Research, D64

Tabatabae, S.M. Moazedian, A. and Noori, H.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of present research is "The Comparison of Anger Control, Anger Dimension and Quality of Life addict males and non-addict males."

Keywords: Anger Control, Anger Dimension, Quality of Life
Identifying the Effective Factors on Achievement of Smart Schools by Review of the Status Quo and Software

Original Research, D65
Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The current investigation is intended to identify the effective factors on achievement in Smart Schools via study on the status quo and software and digital factors are not in suitable conditions and also environmental factors are at average level.

Keywords: Smart Schools, Evaluation, Information Technology
ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is examination of the impact of the program “philosophy for children” (p4c) on foster self-esteem in adolescents. The study was conducted on a sample of 100 adolescents who were randomly selected from three foster families. The study used a pre-test and post-test design. The results showed a significant increase in foster self-esteem after the program. 

Keywords: Self-esteem, Philosophy for Children, Investigation Ring.
An Examination into the Elementary Schools Teachers' Viewpoint on the Role of Assistant Principal

Original Research, D67
Mahdavi, N.


**ABSTRACT:**

The present research has employed a qualitative approach with a phenomenological method to assess the viewpoint of teachers on the role of assistant principals within the enacted curriculum. The study aimed to explore how the assistance of assistant principals affects teachers' perspectives and practices. It revealed that factors such as the nature of the role and the support provided by assistant principals are influential in encouraging teachers to employ innovative methods and avoid traditional practices.

**Keywords:** Enacted Curriculum, Role, Viewpoint, Assistant Principal
ABSTRACT: The main purpose of this research is to survey the relationship between social capital and knowledge management with organizational intelligence in the tax affairs organization of Tehran. The results indicate that social capital components, knowledge management components, learning organization, relative and recognitive capital can predict the organization intelligence.

Keywords: Social capital, Knowledge management, Organizational intelligence
The Relationship between Financial Capital and Abnormal Yield in Newly-Arrived Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange

ABSTRACT:
Business and commercial units play significant role in economic structure of a country. Today, business units as main factors, added value, residual income and book value with abnormal yield of stock in newly-arrived companies to Stock Exchange.

Keywords:
Financial capital, Abnormal yield, Economic added value
The Relationship between Religious Beliefs, Optimism and Moral Health of the University Students

Original Research, D70

Zakery, J. Makari, R. Pir Cheraghi, A. and Zahedi, O.

ABSTRACT:
The target of the current study is to assess the relationship between religious beliefs and optimism and moral health. The study aimed to forecast the moral health using these variables.

Keywords:
Religious beliefs, Optimism, Moral health

Investigating the Impact of Restated Financial Statements on Persistence of Financial Performance

Original Research, D71
Khatibzadeh, P. Abdoli, M. and Dehdar. F.

The present research investigates the relationship between the restated accounting figures and persistence of financial performance. The study finds that restating financial statements due to accounting errors can affect the persistence of financial performance. Specifically, restating financial statements due to accounting errors increases the persistence of financial performance, while increasing financial leverage results in reduction of the persistence of financial performance.

Keywords: Restated Financial Statement, Persistence of Financial Performance

pii: S23224770 1400072-4

Earnings Management and Intellectual Capital

Original Research, D72

Galdipour, S., Rahimiyah, F., Etemad, A. and Panahi, H.
ABSTRACT: The present study aims to investigate the relationship between intellectual capital, its development, and earnings management. Using a modified Jones model, discretionary accruals were applied as the criterion for determining earnings management. The study found a positive correlation between intellectual capital and earnings management, but there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital and intellectual capital development.

Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Intellectual Capital Development

Educational Services Quality Analysis
ABSTRACT: The goal of this study was to determine gaps in perceptions and expectations of students in the University of Tehran. The study was conducted on 260 students of the University of Tehran. Data were analyzed using structural equation modeling. The model indicated that there are gaps between perceptions and expectations of students. By considering that gaps in perceptions and expectations of students lead to poor performance and satisfaction with educational services, it should be attempted to eliminate or mitigate gaps in current and optimal statuses.

Keywords: Educational service; Student University; Quality; Seroquel
ABSTRACT: There are various methods developed for the performance evaluation. Most of the measurement models employ scoring methods so, Balanced Scorecard and brainstorm methods are used to determine the role of each department in creating value added.

Keywords: Performance Evaluation, Value Added, Balanced Scorecard

Internet and Social Development in Teens

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is rev...
ABSTRACT:
The purpose of the present study is to investigate the effect of the Philosophy for Children program (p4c) on reducing trait anger in teens. The study aimed to assess the impact of p4c on two components of trait anger: angry temperament and furious reaction. The findings suggest that the p4c program has a significant effect on reducing both components of trait anger in adolescents.
The purpose of this research was to discover the prediction of divorce between Zanjan couples based on mental disorders and demographic characteristics. The findings underline the importance of mental disorders and demographic characteristics in divorce.

Growing demands in finding new strategies to maximize organizational effectiveness have resulted in the development of psychological capital. Psychological capital refers to an individual's psychological resource that consists of four components: efficacy, hope, resilience, and optimism. The present study aims to assess the relationship between information asymmetry and the cost of equity capital in listed companies. It was hypothesized that there was a significant negative relationship between information asymmetry and the cost of equity capital; however, this hypothesis can be confirmed in case of utilizing control variables.

The goals of this study were investigation of relationships between mathematics achievement and some contextual factors. The study showed that the school level accounts for a significant amount of variability of student mathematics achievement.

The present study was designed to investigate the effectiveness of mindfulness in the prevention of drug relapse. Method: Behavioral Drug Reduction Counseling (BDRC) and mindfulness training were used to address the issue of drug relapse. Results: The findings showed that mindfulness training and BDRC may be considered effective practical methods in reducing the risk of relapse in male drug abusers.

The general objective of this study is comparison of managers' critical thinking of the elementary school, guidance and high school for girls in Islamshahr City. Results: A significant difference was found in critical thinking scores among elementary and high school principals in the field of analysis. This difference can be attributed to educational level, years of experience, and years of service.