Design and Explanation of Individual Aspects of Trauma Controlling Organization in Public Sector

Original Research, D58

Vahedi, M. Shekari, H. and Shirazi S.
In an organization design, individual, organizational and environmental aspects are considered. This paper studies the impact of individual aspects on trauma controlling organization in public sector, while this variant has indirect impact of 0.41 in the organization.

Keywords: Trauma; Public Sector; Individual Aspects

---

The improvement of instruction has been a goal of educators as far back as the teachings of the Greek philosopher. In the 21st century, with the advent of computer-assisted instruction, educators have developed individualized instruction as an approach and define and describe its approach and advantages and also disadvantages of individualized instruction.

Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI
The Comparative Analysis on Mathematical Achievement, Self- efficacy, and Self-concept Based the Perceived Classroom Climate

Original Research, D60

Kakojoibari, A. and Sharifi Saki, Sh.


ABSTRACT: The current study is aimed at conducting a comparative analysis on mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept based on the perceived classroom climate. 

Keywords: Mathematics Achievement, Mathematical Self-efficacy, Mathematical Self-concept, Perceived Classroom Climate, Students
The Study on the Impact of Teachers’ Content Production on Their Performance in Schools of Tehran

Original Research, D61

Norietemad, J.


ABSTRACT: The present research was conducted to study

Keywords: Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers.
Mental Health Survey of the Adolescence and Adult Population in Iran

Original Research, D62

Rajabi, S. and Dehghani, Y.


ABSTRACT: The main goal of this study is to determine prevalence of mental disorders among individuals at the age of 15-65 years in Iran. Current study showed that prevalence rate of mental disorders is higher among the females than male (34.4% VS 21.1%).

Keywords: Anxiety; Depression; Somatization; social performance disorder; Mental Disorders
Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index

Original Research, D63

Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of this study was to evaluate Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index. It was found that the students had more positive views towards the use of Human Relations Index by Faculty Members. They felt more respected, more willing to try to communicate more effectively with them and teaching space become more motivated for them.

Keywords: Human Relations, Faculty members, Students Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools

pii: S23224770 1400064-4
Comparing Anger Management, Anger Dimensions, and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment Addicts and Non Addicts

Original Research, D64

Tabatabaee, S.M. Moazedian, A. and Noori, H.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of present research is "The Comparison of Anger Control, Anger Dimension and Quality of Life addict males and also non addict males regarding anger control and quality of life addict males and non-addict males.

Keywords: Anger Control, Anger Dimension, Quality of Life.
**ABSTRACT:** The current investigation is intended to identify the effective factors on achievement in Smart Schools via study on the status quo and problems in Smart Schools. It is found that hardware and software and digital factors are not in suitable conditions and also environmental factors are at average level.

**Keywords:** Smart Schools, Evaluation, Information Technology
ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is examination of the impact of the program "philosophy for children" (p4c) on foster self-esteem in adolescents and its four components namely; general self-esteem, family self-esteem, social self-esteem and education self-esteem.

Keywords: Self-esteem, Philosophy for Children, Investigation Ring
An Examination into the Elementary Schools Teachers' Viewpoint on the Role of Assistant Principal within the Enacted Curriculum

Original Research, D67
Mahdavi, N.


ABSTRACT: The present research has employed a qualitative approach with phenomenological method to assess the viewpoint of teachers.

Keywords: Enacted Curriculum, Role, Viewpoint, Assistant Principal
ABSTRACT: The main purpose of this research is to survey the relationship between social capital, knowledge management, and organizational intelligence in the context of tax affairs organizations in Tehran. The study aims to determine how these factors interact and contribute to organizational intelligence. Keywords: Social capital, Knowledge management, Organizational intelligence.
The Relationship between Financial Capital and Abnormal Yield in Newly-Arrived Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange

ABSTRACT:

Business and commercial units play significant role in economic structure of a country. Today, business units as main source of added value, residual income and book value with abnormal yield of stock in newly-arrived companies to Stock Exchange.

Keywords:

Financial capital, Abnormal yield, Economic added value
The Relationship between Religious Beliefs, Optimism and Moral Health of the University Students

Original Research, D70

Zakery, J. Makari, R. Pir Cheraghami, A. and Zahedi, O.

ABSTRACT: The target of the current study is to assess the relationship between religious beliefs & optimism and moral health. It was predicted that the variables of religious beliefs and optimism, respectively, were the factors of forecasting the moral health.

Keywords: Religious beliefs, Optimism, Moral health

Investigating the Impact of Restated Financial Statements on Persistence of Financial Performance

Original Research, D71
Khatibzadeh, P. Abdoli, M. and Dehdar. F.

ABSTRACT: The present research investigates the relationship between the restated accounting figures and persistence of financial performance. It is found that restated financial statements are associated with lower persistence of financial performance, while increasing financial leverage results in reduction of the persistence of financial performance.

Keywords: Restated Financial Statement, Persistence of Financial Performance

Earnings Management and Intellectual Capital

Original Research, D72

Galdipour, S., Rahimiyan, F., Etemad, A. and Panahi, H.
ABSTRACT: The present study aims to investigate the relationship between intellectual capital, its development, and earnings management. Using the modified Jones model, discretionary accruals were applied as the criterion for determining earnings management. No significant relationship was found between intellectual capital and earnings management, but there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital and intellectual capital development.

Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Intellectual Capital Development.
ABSTRACT: The goal of this study was to determine gaps in perceptions and expectations of students in University of Tehran using education service quality, thus it should be attempted to eliminate or mitigate gaps in current and optimal statuses.

Keywords: Educational service; Student University; Quality of service
ABSTRACT: There are various methods developed for the performance evaluation. Most of the measurement models employ scoring systems, so, Balanced Scorecard and brainstorm methods are used to determine the role of each department in creating value added.

Keywords: Performance Evaluation, Value Added, Balanced Scorecard

***

ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is review the role of using of the internet on Social growth of guidance school students. It is shown that the rise of Internet use time is reduced compatibility and the spirit of cooperation and collaboration.

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is review the role of using of the internet on Social growth of guidance school students. It is shown that the rise of Internet use time is reduced compatibility and the spirit of cooperation and collaboration.
ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is to investigate the effect of the Philosophy for Children program (p4c) on reducing trait anger in teenagers.
The general objective of this study is the comparison of managers' critical thinking of the elementary school, guidance and high school for girls in Islamshahr City. For this purpose, the Relationship to the CP of the Principals was determined. The second set of factors relate to their goals for learning, their willingness to persist, and the extent to which they see participation in schooling as creating opportunities.

This research aimed to evaluate the optimum portfolio selection using the particle swarm algorithm. For this purpose, the fact that in the problems which are with complexity and size increases, the particle swarm algorithm perform better.

The present study was designed to investigate the effectiveness of mindfulness in the prevention of drug relapse. Method: Two groups of drug abusers were divided randomly to receive mindfulness training and BDRC. Results: The findings suggest that mindfulness training and BDRC may be considered effective practical methods in reducing the risk of relapse in male drug abusers.