Design and Explanation of Individual Aspects of Trauma Controlling Organization in Public Sector

Original Research, D58

Vahedi, M. Shekari, H. and Shirazi S.
ABSTRACT: In an organization design, individual, organizational and environmental aspects are considered. This paper studies the impact of trauma controlling organization in public sector, while this variant has indirect impact of 0.41 in the organization.

Keywords: Trauma; Public Sector; Individual Aspects

ABSTRACT: The improvement of instruction has been a goal of educators as far back as the teachings of the Greek philosopher, and Computer-Assisted Instruction (CAI) is the most appreciated method of instruction. This method is well known, popular and applicable. In this article, Individualized Instruction in Computer-Assisted Instruction is explained, and its advantages and disadvantages are defined and described.

Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI

Iravani, M.R. Samifar, H. Shekarchi Zadeh, A.R.
The Comparative Analysis on Mathematical Achievement, Self-efficacy, and Self-concept Based on the Perceived Classroom Climate

Original Research, D60

Kakojobari, A. and Sharifi Saki, Sh.


ABSTRACT: The current study is aimed at conducting a comparison of mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept based on the perceived classroom climate. The results showed that there were significant differences among these factors. Further analysis revealed that these differences could be adjusted by certain variables, such as mathematical self-efficacy.

Keywords: Mathematics Achievement, Mathematical Self-efficacy, Mathematical Self-concept, Perceived Classroom Climate, Students
ABSTRACT: The present research was conducted to study the impact of teachers' content production on their performance in schools of Tehran.

Keywords: Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools
Mental Health Survey of the Adolescence and Adult Population in Iran

Original Research, D62

Rajabi, S. and Dehghani, Y.


ABSTRACT: The main goal of this study is to determine prevalence rate of mental disorders among individuals at the age of 15-65 years. The results show that prevalence rate of mental disorders is higher among females than males (34.4% vs 21.1%).

Keywords: Anxiety; Depression; Somatization; Social Performance Disorder; Mental Disorders
Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index

Original Research, D63

Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of this study was to evaluate Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index.

Keywords: Human Relations, Faculty members, Students Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools

pii: S23224770 1400064-4
Comparing Anger Management, Anger Dimensions, and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment Addicts and Non Addicts

Original Research, D64

Tabatabaei, S.M. Moazedian, A. and Noori, H.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of present research is “The Comparison of Anger Control, Anger Dimension and Quality of Life addict males and also non addict males regarding anger control and quality of life addict males and non-addict males.

Keywords: Anger Control, Anger Dimension, Quality of Life
ABSTRACT: The current investigation is intended to identify the effective factors on achievement in Smart Schools via study on the status quo and problems in Smart Schools. It is observed that hardware, technological, software and digital factors are not in suitable conditions and also environmental factors are at average level.

Keywords: Smart Schools, Evaluation, Information Technology
Foster Self-esteem in Adolescents: Lipmann Approach

Original Research, D66

Tajali Nia, A.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is examining the impact of the program "philosophy for children" (p4c) on foster self-esteem in adolescents and its four components namely; general self-esteem, family self-esteem, social self-esteem and education self-esteem.

Keywords: Self-esteem, Philosophy for Children, Investigation Ring
An Examination into the Elementary Schools Teachers' Viewpoint on the Role of Assistant Principal within the Enacted Curriculum

Original Research, D67
Mahdavi, N.


ABSTRACT: The present research has employed a qualitative approach with a phenomenological method to assess the viewpoint of teachers regarding the role of assistant principals within the context of the enacted curriculum. The findings indicate that assistant principals play a crucial role in encouraging teachers to adopt innovative methods and avoid traditional approaches in their teaching practices. Key factors identified include leadership support, collaboration, and opportunities for professional development.

Keywords: Enacted Curriculum, Role, Viewpoint, Assistant Principal
Examining the Relationship between Knowledge Management and Organizational Intelligence in Tax Affairs Organization of Tehran

Original Research, D68

Nazem, F Sajadian, S.M. and Malek Shahi, A.


ABSTRACT: The main purpose of this research is to survey

Keywords: Social capital, Knowledge management, Organ
The Relationship between Financial Capital and Abnormal Yield in Newly-Arrived Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange

Original Research, D69
Barati, S. and Abdoli, M.


ABSTRACT:
Business and commercial units play significant role in economic structure of a country. Today, business units as main agents in each country are under the direct influence of financial capital. This issue is more meaningful and requires study in Tehran Stock Exchange because of the recent arrival of companies in this market. In this paper, we try to study the relationship between financial capital and abnormal yield in newly-arrived companies to Stock Exchange. We analyze the relationship of financial capital, economic added value, residual income and book value with abnormal yield of stock in newly-arrived companies to Stock Exchange.

Keywords:
Financial capital, Abnormal yield, Economic added value, Residual income.
The Relationship between Religious Beliefs, Optimism and Moral Health of the University Students

Original Research, D70

Zakery, J. Makari, R. Pir Cheraghi, A. and Zahedi, O.

ABSTRACT: The target of the current study is to assess the relationship between religious beliefs & optimism and moral health of people. The study hypothesized that the variables of religious beliefs and optimism, respectively, were the factors of forecasting the moral health.

Keywords: Religious beliefs, Optimism, Moral health

Investigating the Impact of Restated Financial Statements on Persistence of Financial Performance

Original Research, D71
Khatibzadeh, P. Abdoli, M. and Dehdar. F.

The present research investigates the relationship between the restated accounting figures and persistence of financial performance. It was observed that increases in the restated accounting figures lead to an increase in the persistence of financial performance, while increasing financial leverage results in a reduction of the persistence of financial performance.

**Keywords:** Restated Financial Statement, Persistence of Financial Performance

**Earnings Management and Intellectual Capital**

**Original Research, D72**

**Galdipour, S., Rahimiyan, F., Etemad, A. and Panahi, H.**
The present study aims to investigate the relationship between intellectual capital, its development and earnings management. Using the modified Jones model, discretionary accruals were applied as the criterion for determining earnings management. The results indicate that there is a significant relationship between intellectual capital and earnings management, but there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital development and earnings management. Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Intellectual Capital Development.
Original Research, D73
Baghdarnia, M. and Arash, M.


ABSTRACT: The goal of this study was to determine gaps in perceptions and expectations of students in University of Tehran using ... service quality, thus it should be attempted to eliminate or mitigate gaps in current and optimal statuses.

Keywords: Educational service; Student University; Quality

pii: S23224770 1400074-4

Performance Measurement based on the Created Value Added by using the Balanced Scorecard

Original Research, D74
Sherafat, A.VatankhahTafti, A. and Davoodi, S.M.

ABSTRACT: There are various methods developed for the performance evaluation. Most of the measurement models employ scoring systems. In order to evaluate the performance of the project manager, the Balanced Scorecard and brainstorm methods are used to determine the role of each department in creating value added.

Keywords: Performance Evaluation, Value Added, Balanced Scorecard

Internet and Social Development in Teens

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is to review the role of using the internet on the social growth of guidance school students. The results of the study showed that the internet has a positive impact on the social development of students.

piii: S23224770 1400075-4
ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is to investigate the effect of the Philosophy for Children program (P4C) on reducing trait anger in teenagers. The study aims to explore the Philosophy for Children program's potential in reducing anger traits, particularly angry temperament and furious reaction, among adolescents.
This research aims to evaluate the optimum portfolio selection using the particle swarm algorithm. For this purpose, the Markowitz Model, Mean-Variance Model, and Client Risk Model were used. The study concluded that in the problems which are complex and large-scale, the particle swarm algorithm performs better.

The present study was designed to investigate the effectiveness of mindfulness in the prevention of drug relapse. The study employed mindfulness training and Behavioral Drug Reduction Counseling (BDRC) to prevent drug relapse in male drug abusers. The results showed that mindfulness training and BDRC may be considered effective practical methods in reducing the risk of relapse in male drug abusers.

The present study aims to assess the relationship between information asymmetry and the cost of equity capital in listed companies on the Tehran Stock Exchange. The study found that information asymmetry has a positive effect on the cost of equity capital; however, this hypothesis can be confirmed in case of utilizing control variables.

Engagement in mathematics should be expected of all students, and the learning environment should be one where students have the requisite prior knowledge, the curriculum is relevant to them, the classroom tasks interest them, and the group work is meaningful and challenging.

Growing demands in finding new strategies to maximize organizational effectiveness have resulted in the exploration of psychological capital. The study investigated the relationship between psychological capital with perceived organizational support, job satisfaction, and affective commitment.

The main question in this research was the identification of core competencies in the field of elementary education in Zanjan. The study used a Competencies-based curriculum in the field of primary education, regardless of the set of core competencies, will have the desired effectiveness to train professionals needed to improve education.

The purpose of this research was to discover the prediction of divorce between Zanjan couples based on mental disorders and demographic characteristics. The study found that mental disorders and demographic characteristics play a significant role in predicting divorce.

The effects of cooperative education on the social intelligence of primary school students were studied. The study employed a social reconstruction approach and found that cooperative education positively affects social intelligence.

The study investigated the relationship between information asymmetry and the cost of equity capital in listed companies on the Tehran Stock Exchange. The study found that information asymmetry has a positive effect on the cost of equity capital; however, this hypothesis can be confirmed in case of utilizing control variables.