<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research Title/ Field</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Article (Abstract)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Download</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| pii: S23224770 1400058-4 |

**Design and Explanation of Individual Aspects of Trauma Controlling Organization in Public Sector**

**Original Research, D58**

**Vahedi, M. Shekari, H. and Shirazi S.**
ABSTRACT: In an organization design, individual, organizational and environmental aspects are considered. This paper studies the effect of trauma controlling organization in public sector, while this variant has indirect impact of 0.41 in the organization.

Keywords: Trauma; Public Sector; Individual Aspects

---

Individualized Instruction in Computer-Assisted Instruction

ABSTRACT: The improvement of instruction has been a goal of educators as far back as the teachings of the Greek philosopher, but it’s only recently that we have begun to understand the potential of Individualized Instruction. This paper examines the approach and define and describe its approach and advantages and also disadvantages of individualized instruction.

Keywords: Individualized Instruction, CAI
The Comparative Analysis on Mathematical Achievement, Self- efficacy, and Self-concept Based on Perceived Classroom Climate

Original Research, D60

Kakojoibari, A. and Sharifi Saki, Sh.


ABSTRACT: The current study is aimed at conducting a comparative analysis on mathematical achievement, self-efficacy, and self-concept based on perceived classroom climate. The study found that there are significant differences in these variables among students from different routes. Further analysis showed that these differences can be adjusted by certain variables such as mathematical self-efficacy.

Keywords: Mathematics Achievement, Mathematical Self-efficacy, Mathematical Self-concept, Perceived Classroom Climate, Students
The Study on the Impact of Teachers’ Content Product on Their Performance in Schools of Tehran

Original Research, D61

Norietemad, J.


ABSTRACT: The present research was conducted to study...
Mental Health Survey of the Adolescence and Adult Population in Iran

Original Research, D62

Rajabi, S. and Dehghani, Y.


ABSTRACT: The main goal of this study is to determine prevalence of mental disorders among individuals at the age of 15-65 years in Iran. Current study showed that prevalence rate of mental disorders is higher among the females than male (34.4% VS 21.1%).

Keywords: Anxiety; Depression; Somatization; social performance disorder; Mental Disorders
Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index

Original Research, D63

Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of this study was to evaluate Masters Students’ Views towards the Ratio of Iran IAU-Sari Branch Faculty Members use of Human Relations Index. The findings suggest that the faculty members are more friendly and approachable, and more willing to try to communicate more effectively with them and teaching space become more motivated for them.

Keywords: Human Relations, Faculty members, Students Education, Content Product, Performance, Teachers, Smart Schools

pii: S23224770 1400064-4
Comparing Anger Management, Anger Dimensions, and Quality of Life in Methadone Maintenance Treatment Addicts and Non Addicts

Original Research, D64

Tabatabaei, S.M. Moazedian, A. and Noori, H.


ABSTRACT:
The purpose of present research is "The Comparison of Anger Control, Anger Dimension and Quality of Life addict males and also non addict males regarding anger control and quality of life addict males and non-addict males.

Keywords: Anger Control, Anger Dimension, Quality of Life
Identifying the Effective Factors on Achievement of Smart Schools by Review of the Status Quo and Problems

Original Research, D65
Mirsaidi, G. and Yaghoubi, M.


ABSTRACT: The current investigation is intended to identify the effective factors on achievement in Smart Schools via study on the status quo and problems. The researchers divided the schools into three groups: technology management and software and digital factors are not in suitable conditions and also environmental factors are at average level.

Keywords: Smart Schools, Evaluation, Information Technology
Foster Self-esteem in Adolescents: Lipmann Approach

Original Research, D66

Tajali Nia, A.


ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is examining...
An Examination into the Elementary Schools Teachers' Viewpoint on the Role of Assistant Principals

Original Research, D67
Mahdavi, N.


ABSTRACT: The present research has employed a qualitative approach with a phenomenological method to assess the viewpoint of teachers on the role of assistant principals within the enacted curriculum. It is found that teachers value the assistant principal's role in providing guidance and support, fostering professional development, and encouraging innovative teaching methods. This role is influential in encouraging teachers to employ innovative methods and avoid the traditional methods.

Keywords: Enacted Curriculum, Role, Viewpoint, Assistant Principal
ABSTRACT: The main purpose of this research is to survey

Keywords: Social capital, Knowledge management, Organizational intelligence.
The Relationship between Financial Capital and Abnormal Yield in Newly-Arrived Companies in Tehran Stock Exchange

ABSTRACT:
Business and commercial units play significant role in economic structure of a country. Today, business units as main factors of added value, residual income and book value with abnormal yield of stock in newly-arrived companies to Stock Exchange.

Keywords:
Financial capital, Abnormal yield, Economic added value
### The Relationship between Religious Beliefs, Optimism and Moral Health of the University Students

**Original Research, D70**

**Zakery, J. Makari, R. Pir Cheraghal, A. and Zahedi, O.**

ABSTRACT: The target of the current study is to assess the relationship between religious beliefs and optimism with moral health. The study hypothesizes that the variables of religious beliefs and optimism, respectively, were the factors of forecasting the moral health.

Keywords: Religious beliefs, Optimism, Moral health

Investigating the Impact of Restated Financial Statements on Persistence of Financial Performance

Original Research, D71
Khatibzadeh, P. Abdoli, M. and Dehdar. F.

The present research investigates the relationship between the restated accounting figures and persistence of financial performance. The study finds that increased earnings management reduces the persistence of financial performance, while increasing financial leverage results in reduction of the persistence of financial performance.

**Keywords:** Restated Financial Statement, Persistence of Financial Performance

**Earnings Management and Intellectual Capital**

**Original Research, D72**

**Galdipour, S., Rahimiyan, F., Etemad, A., and Panahi, H.**
ABSTRACT: The present study aims to investigate the relationship between intellectual capital, its development, and earnings management. Using the modified Jones model, discretionary accruals were applied as the criterion for determining earnings management. The results show that there is a significant negative relationship between intellectual capital and earnings management, but there is no significant relationship between intellectual capital and intellectual capital development.

Keywords: Intellectual Capital, Intellectual Capital Development.

Educational Services Quality Analysis
Original Research, D73
Baghdarnia, M. and Arash, M.


ABSTRACT: The goal of this study was to determine gaps in perceptions and expectations of students in University of Tehran using SERVQUAL questionnaire to evaluate service quality, thus it should be attempted to eliminate or mitigate gaps in current and optimal statuses.

Keywords: Educational service; Student University; Quality

Performance Measurement based on the Created Value Added by using the Balanced Scorecard

Original Research, D74
Sherafat, A.VatankhahTafti, A. and Davoodi, S.M.

ABSTRACT: There are various methods developed for the performance evaluation. Most of the measurement models employ scoring systems to determine the role of each department in creating value added. The Balanced Scorecard and brainstorm methods are used to determine the role of each department in creating value added.

Keywords: Performance Evaluation, Value Added, Balanced Scorecard

ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is to review the role of the internet on social development of guidance school students. The study shows that the internet is used for various purposes, including communication, entertainment, and education. The rise in the use of the internet has increased compatibility and the spirit of cooperation and collaboration. However, the rise in the use of the internet also reduces the opportunities for face-to-face interaction.

Internet and Social Development in Teens

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is to review the role of the internet on social development of guidance school students. The study shows that the internet is used for various purposes, including communication, entertainment, and education. The rise in the use of the internet has increased compatibility and the spirit of cooperation and collaboration. However, the rise in the use of the internet also reduces the opportunities for face-to-face interaction.

Internet and Social Development in Teens

Original Research, D75
Aslani, N.


ABSTRACT: The basic objective of the present study is to review the role of the internet on social development of guidance school students. The study shows that the internet is used for various purposes, including communication, entertainment, and education. The rise in the use of the internet has increased compatibility and the spirit of cooperation and collaboration. However, the rise in the use of the internet also reduces the opportunities for face-to-face interaction.
ABSTRACT: The purpose of the present study is to investigate the effect of the Philosophy for Children program (p4c) on reducing trait anger in teenagers. The study found that the p4c program significantly reduces the trait anger of adolescents and its two components, namely, angry temperament and furious reaction.
Engagement in mathematics should be expected of all students, and the learning environment should be one where students have the requisite prior knowledge, the curriculum is relevant to them, the classroom tasks interest them, and the growing demands in finding new strategies to maximize organizational effectiveness have resulted in the need for a comprehensive approach to the classroom and curriculum. The goals of this study were investigation of relationships between mathematics achievement and some contextual variables. The study showed that the school level accounts for a significant amount of variability of student mathematics achievement.

Affective organizational commitment, job satisfaction, and perceived organizational support are important factors in predicting employee behavior. Psychological capital, which includes resilience, hope, self-efficacy, and optimism, has been found to be positively related to these outcomes. In this study, the relationship between psychological capital with perceived organizational support, job satisfaction, and affective commitment was examined. The findings underline the importance of mental disorders and demographic characteristics in divorce. This research aims to evaluate the optimum portfolio selection using the particle swarm algorithm. For this purpose, the particle swarm algorithm is used to construct portfolios with different constraints. The findings indicate that in the problems which are with complexity and size increases, the particle swarm algorithm performs better.

The general objective of this study is to compare the managers' critical thinking of the elementary school, guidance and high school for girls in Islamshahr City. For this purpose, a total of 200 managers were selected from the elementary school, guidance and high school for girls in Islamshahr City. The findings indicate that there are significant differences in critical thinking among elementary and high school principals.

The effects of cooperative education on the social intelligence of primary school students were examined in this study. The study found that cooperative education has a significant impact on social intelligence. The study aimed to evaluate the core competencies in the curriculum of undergraduate elementary education. The findings indicate that the core competencies-based curriculum in the field of primary education, regardless of the set of core competencies, will have the desired effectiveness to train professionals needed to improve education.